



# Global Services for Global Science

Ian Foster



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Argonne  
NATIONAL LABORATORY



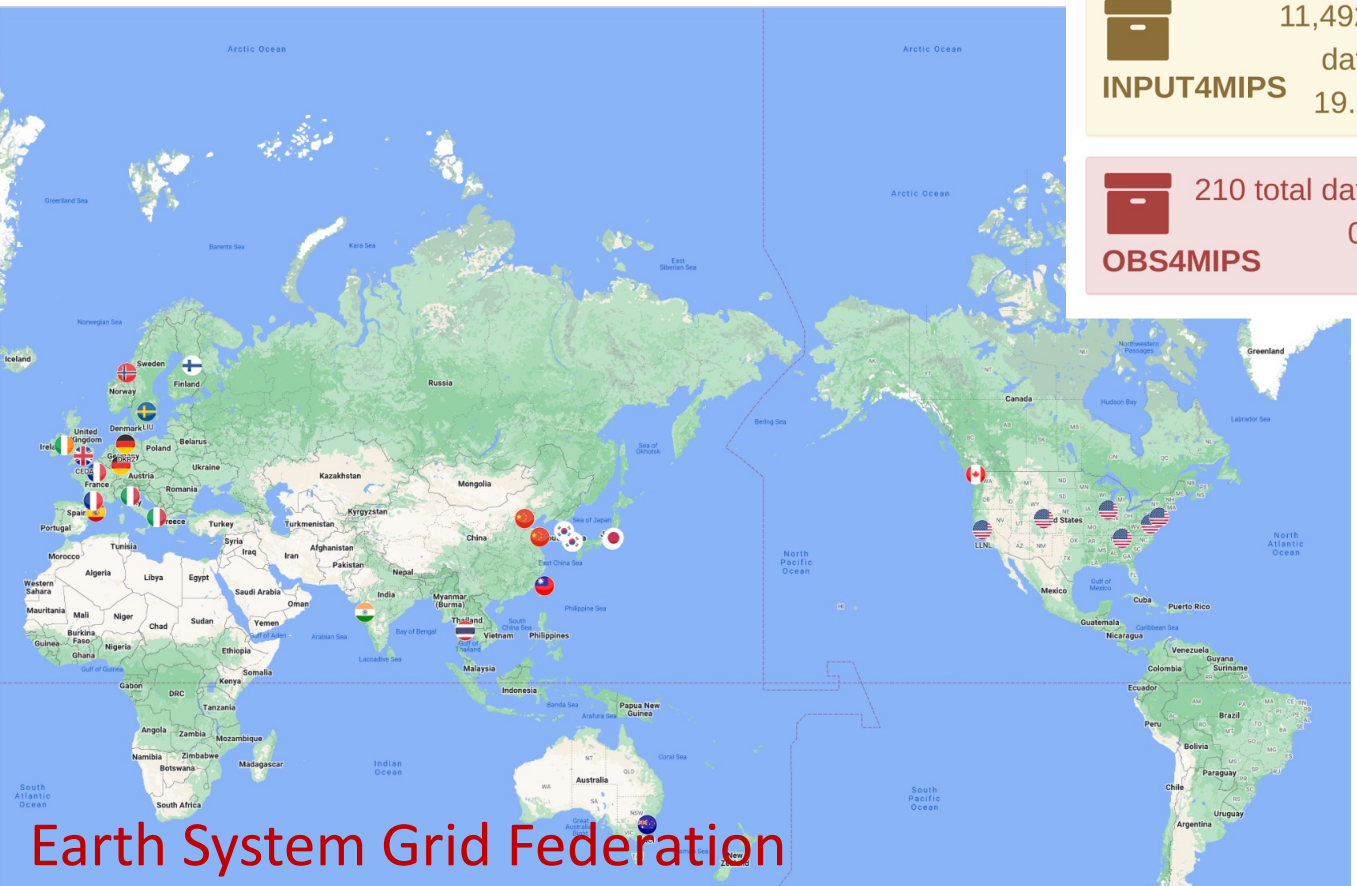


# Compare climate models to understand the earth system

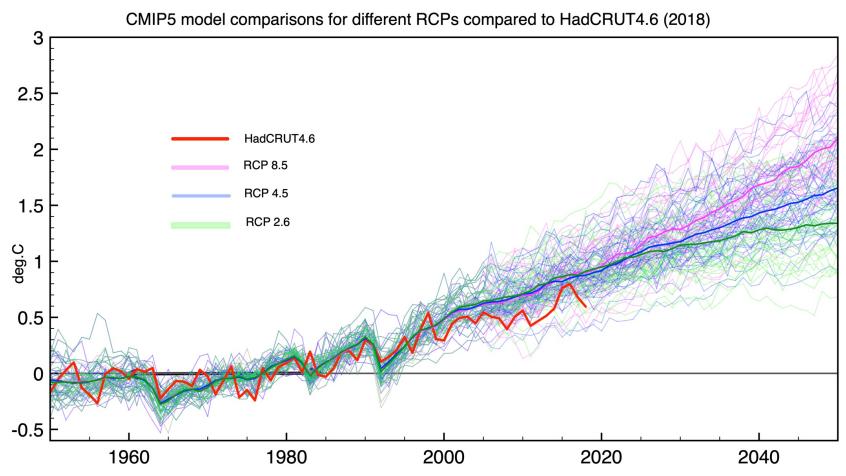
Coupled Model Intercomparison Project (CMIP): Standard protocol for studying general circulation model output

 <p>11,307,181 total datasets 20,823.68 TB</p>	 <p>5,400,359 distinct datasets 11,236.58 TB</p>	 <p>5,906,822 replica datasets 9,587.1 TB</p>
 <p>183,980 total datasets 1,391.12 TB</p>	 <p>183,708 distinct datasets 1,390.56 TB</p>	 <p>272 replica datasets 0.56 TB</p>
 <p>201,129 total datasets 5,295.44 TB</p>	 <p>52,163 distinct datasets 1,527.12 TB</p>	 <p>148,966 replica datasets 3,768.32 TB</p>
 <p>11,492 total datasets 19.91 TB</p>	 <p>5,660 distinct datasets 9.97 TB</p>	 <p>5,832 replica datasets 9.94 TB</p>
 <p>210 total datasets 0.2 TB</p>	 <p>210 distinct datasets 0.2 TB</p>	 <p>0 replica datasets 0 TB</p>

- CMIP6/ESGF contributors...
- 6 views
- Published 6 hours ago
- SHARE EDIT
- ESGF Tier 1 (Full - data, index)
  - LLNL
  - DKRZ
  - CEDA
  - LIU
  - NCI
- ESGF Tier 2, 3 (Data, no index)
  - APCC21
  - ANL
  - AS-RCEC
  - BCC-CAMS-CMA
  - BSC
  - CCCma
  - CCCR-ITM
  - CINECA
  - CMCC
  - CSC
  - CNRM
  - DIASJP
  - DKRZ
  - DWD
  - FGO (ESGF)
  - ICHEC
  - IPSL
  - LASG
  - MRI
  - NASA-NCCS
  - NCAR
  - NOAA-GFDL
  - PKNU
  - DRNL
  - RU-CORE
  - SNU
  - SIGMA2
  - Tsinghua



>100 models, >20 countries

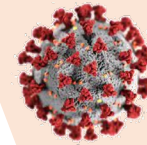


# Link field data on pathogen variants with AI for pandemic surveillance

Field  
Labs



New viral  
genomes



Detection  
targets

Periodically  
retrain on  
new variants

TRAINING

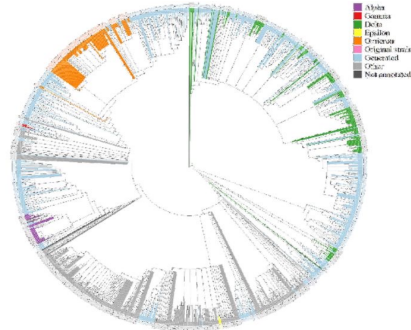
Foundation model(s)  
trained on 110 million  
viral sequences

Finetune model  
on SARS-CoV-2  
ORFs

PREDICTION WORKFLOW

Diffusion model to  
derive hierarchy of  
gene organization

Generated SARS-  
CoV-2 genomes



Trained  
foundation  
model(s)

Semantic  
similarity score  
(embeddings)

Sequence log  
likelihood  
score

Variant of  
Concern score

Immune  
Escape

Fitness  
Evaluation

DETECTION  
WORKFLOW

Epitope  
alteration

PPI interaction  
(MD simulations)

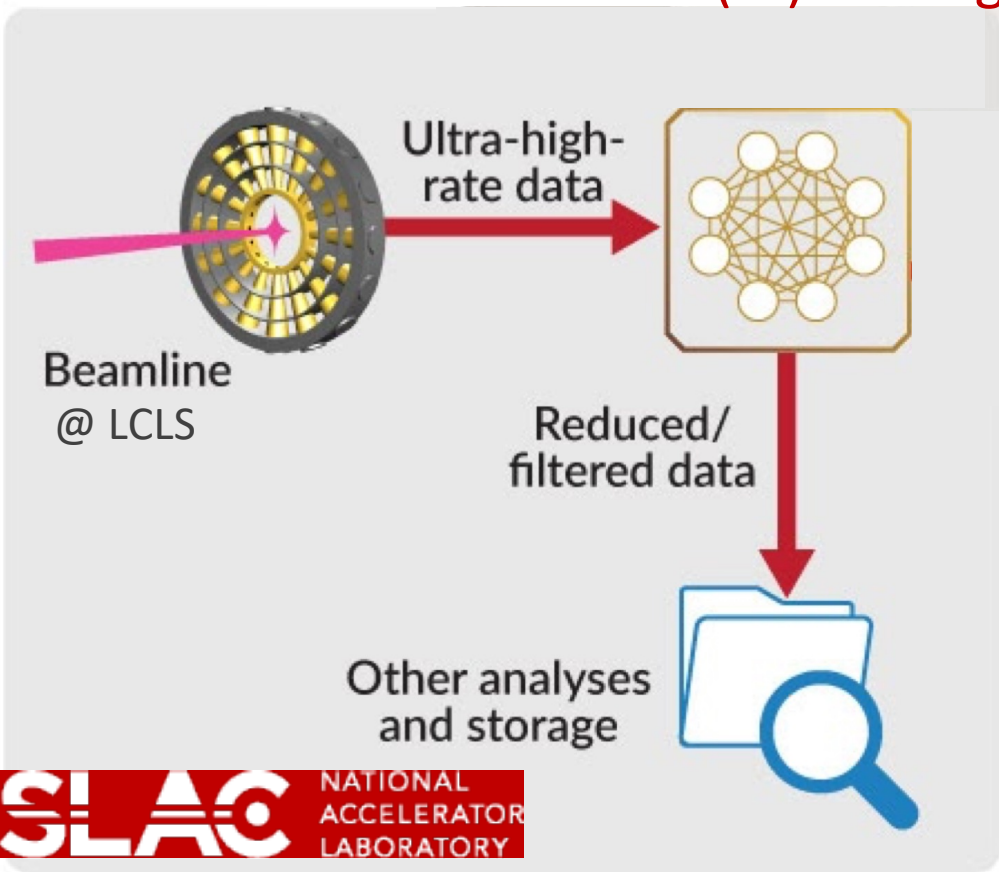
OPENFOLD



$1.5 \times 10^{21}$   
flops

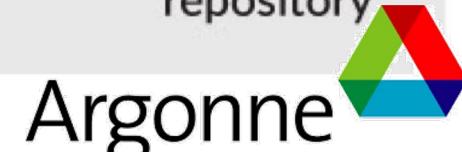
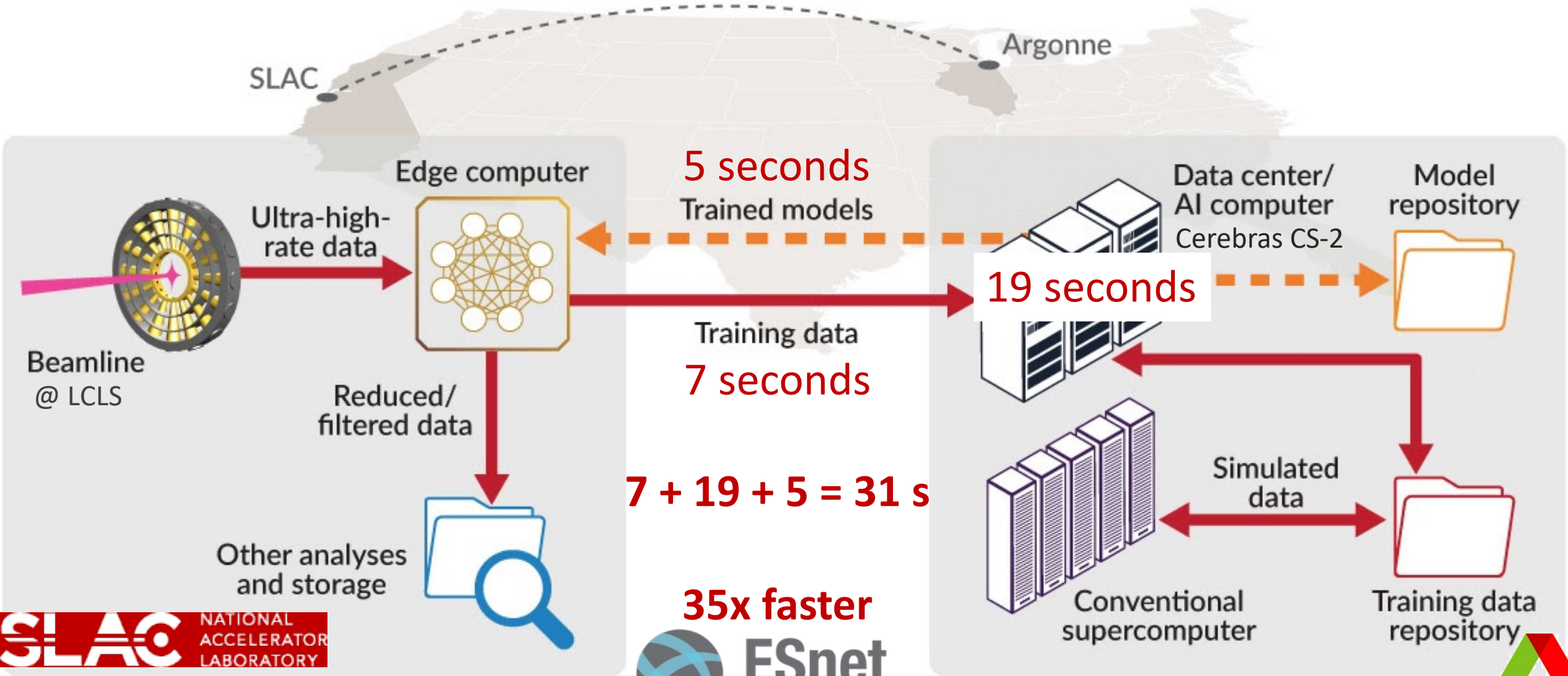
# Connect scientific instruments to remote computers to create **smart instruments**

Model (re)training on local GPU:  
**1102 seconds**

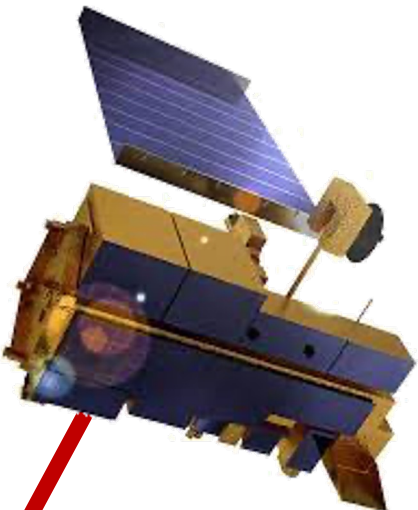




# Connect scientific instruments to remote computers to create **smart instruments**



# Integrate data & models to advance urban science & resilience



**CROCUS**  
Community Research on  
Climate & Urban Science

'A new paradigm for doing science'

Argonne to deploy sensors to track climate change on a neighborhood level

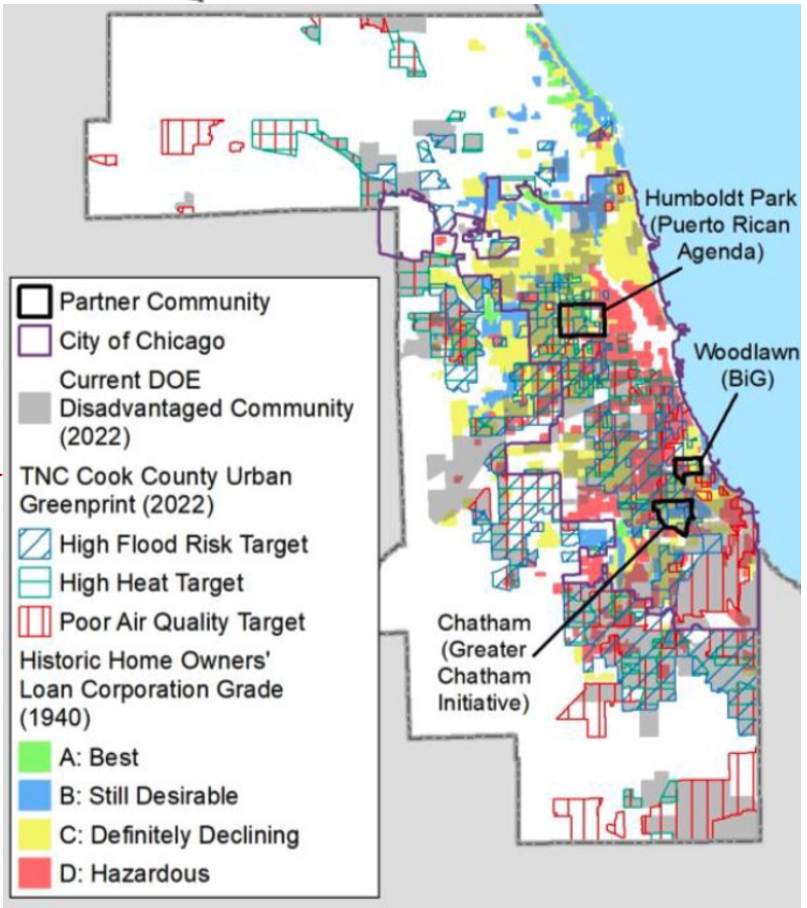
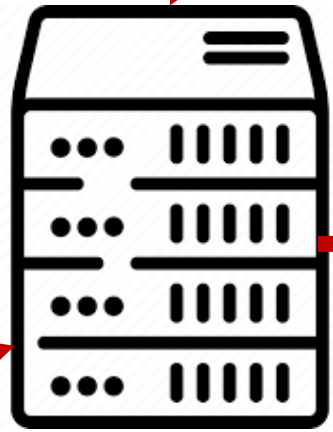
By Maddie Ellis  
Chicago Tribune

Next to an almost-200-foot red-and-white-striped tower at Argonne National Laboratory sits a building filled with newly opened boxes of instruments. These tools measure climate conditions like air quality and precipitation, and compared with the lab's historic tools, like the tower outside, they're small — really small.

That's because instead of measuring the region's atmospheric conditions from Argonne's sprawling site in DuPage County, researchers will use these tools in a different kind of lab — the city of Chicago. Data collected will be used in modeling to show the effects of climate at scales as small as individual neighborhoods, said Cristina Negri, the director for the project.



Research scientist Adam Theisen, left, speaks with atmospheric scientist in Lemont. ANTONIO PEREZ/CHICAGO TRIBUNE PHOTOS

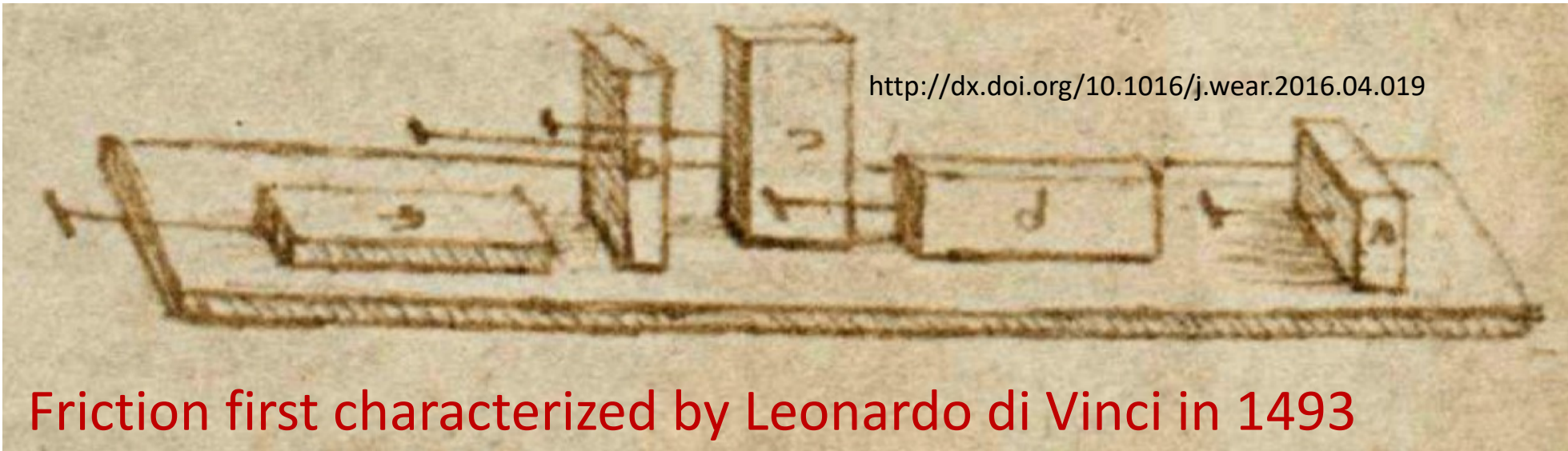


ational Laboratory

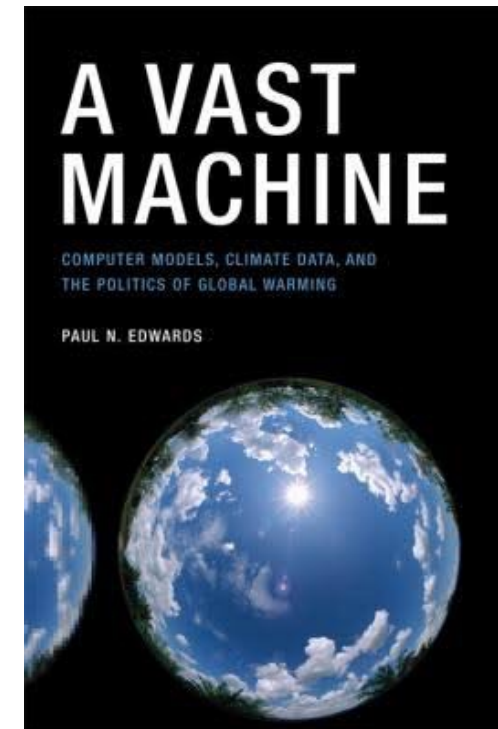


# Integration of distributed resources, a sine qua non for these applications, is impeded by many sources of **friction**

“Whereas computational friction expresses the struggle involved in transforming data information and knowledge ... **data friction** expresses a more primitive form of resistance -- **the costs in time, energy, and attention required simply to collect, check, store, move, receive, and access data**. Whenever data travel ... data friction impedes their movement” (Edwards, 2010, p. 84).



Friction first characterized by Leonardo di Vinci in 1493



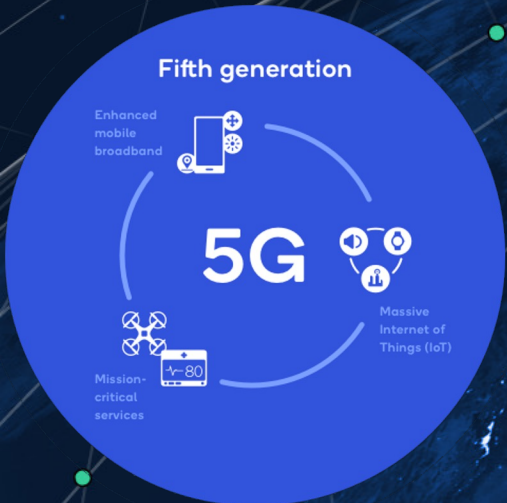
Increasingly, telecommunications is not the problem



ESnet6



# Increasingly, telecommunications is not the problem



Aalyria's "Spacetime" [originally "Minkowski"] platform





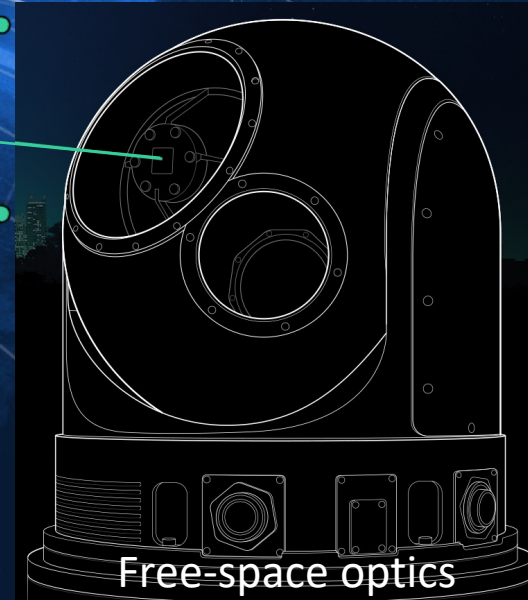
# Increasingly, telecommunications is not the problem

“Henceforth, **space** for itself, and **time** for itself, are doomed to fade away into mere shadows, and only a kind of union of the two will preserve an independent reality.” – Hermann Minkowski

## A computing continuum



Aalyria's "Spacetime" [originally "Minkowski"] platform





But it remains unduly difficult to:

1) **Act on resources** regardless of location and interface

Friction: Varying interfaces, behaviors; reliability; security

## But it remains unduly difficult to:

1) **Act on resources** regardless of location and interface

Friction: Varying interfaces, behaviors; reliability; security

2) Execute remote actions **reliably**

Friction: Failures, scalability, usability



## But it remains unduly difficult to:

1) **Act on resources** regardless of location and interface

Friction: Varying interfaces, behaviors; reliability; security

2) Execute remote actions **reliably**

Friction: Failures, scalability, usability

3) Manage who is **trusted** to perform what actions, where and when

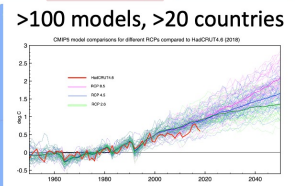
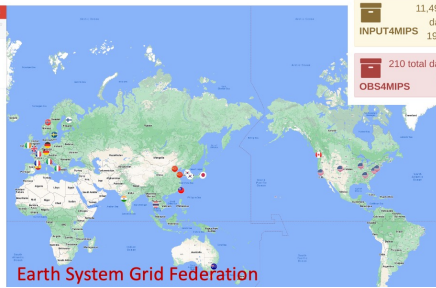
Friction: Varying credentials, authentication protocols, authorization policies;  
need to act on behalf of others

# Need: 1) Act anywhere

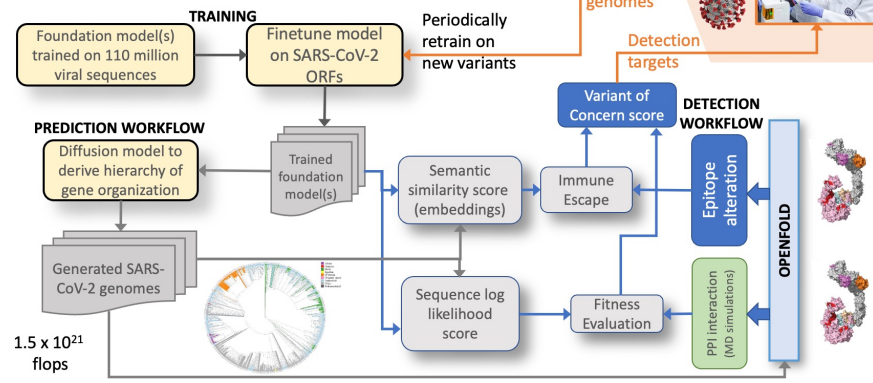
## Compare climate models to understand the earth system

Coupled Model Intercomparison Project (CMIP): Standard protocol for studying general circulation model output

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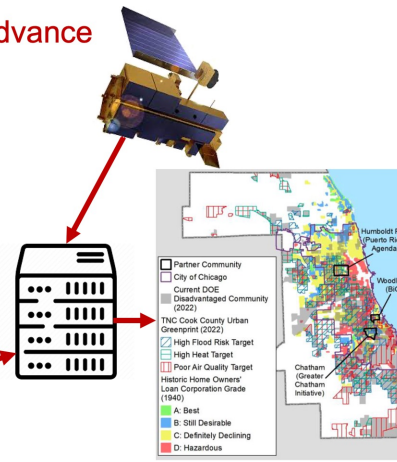


## Link field data on pathogen variants with AI for pandemic surveillance



## Integrate data & models to advance urban science & resilience

**CROCUS**  
Community Research on Climate & Urban Science  
'A new paradigm for doing science'



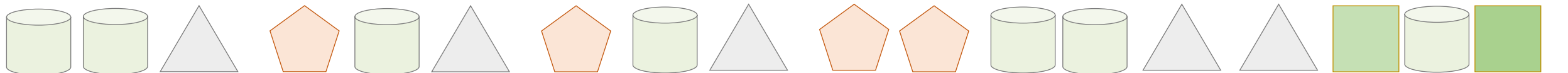
## Past approaches (data actions):

- Gopher, FTP, Web, OPenDAP, ...
- Distributed file systems

## Past approaches (compute actions):

- SSH, grid protocols, cloud APIs
- Java, virtual machines, containers

## Challenges: Performance, scalability, reliability, portability, usability

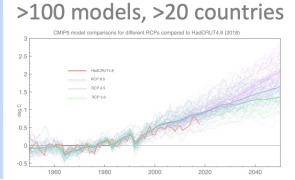
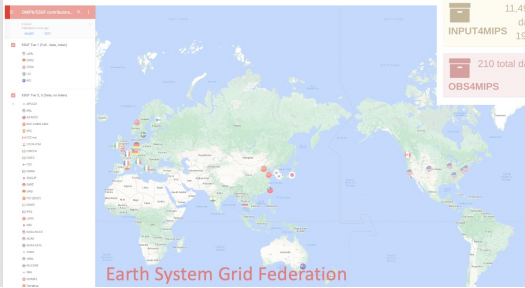


# Need: 1) Act anywhere

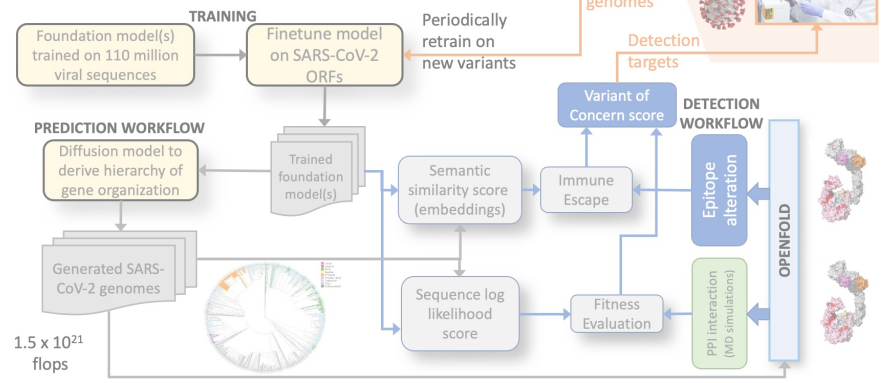
## Compare climate models to understand the earth system

Coupled Model Intercomparison Project (CMIP): Standard protocol for studying general circulation model output

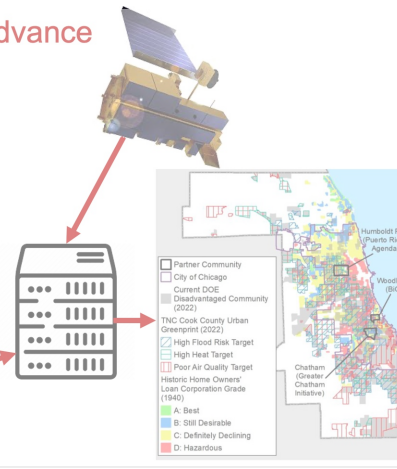
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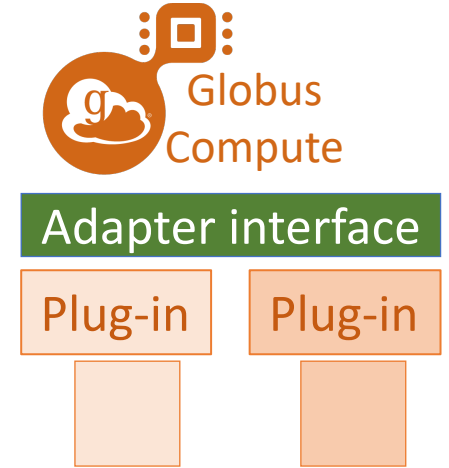
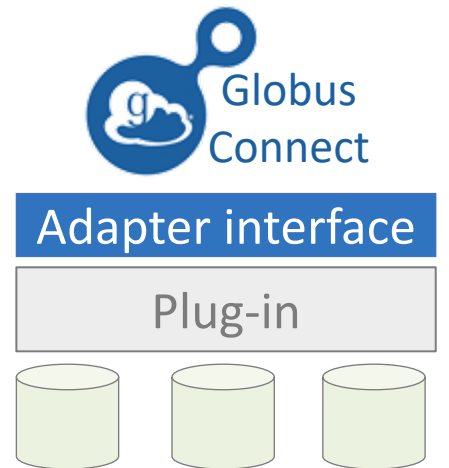
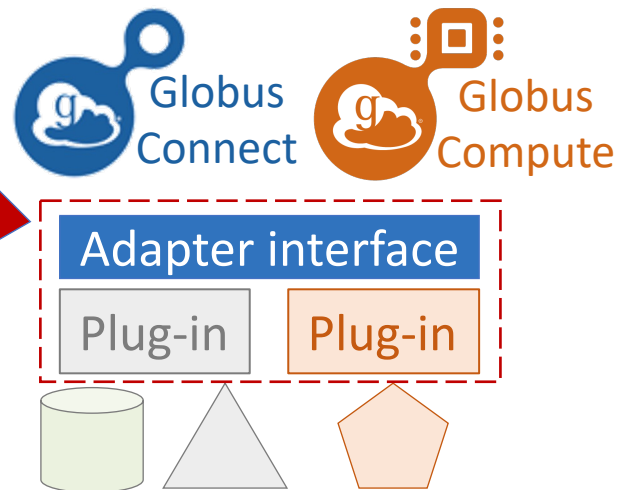
## Integrate data & models to advance urban science & resilience



**Our approach:**

- HTTPS, GridFTP for universal, fast access
- Local agents for broad deployment
- Modularity to target many systems
- Integration with secure delegation
- Integration with hosted supervision

Lightweight agents abstract local details

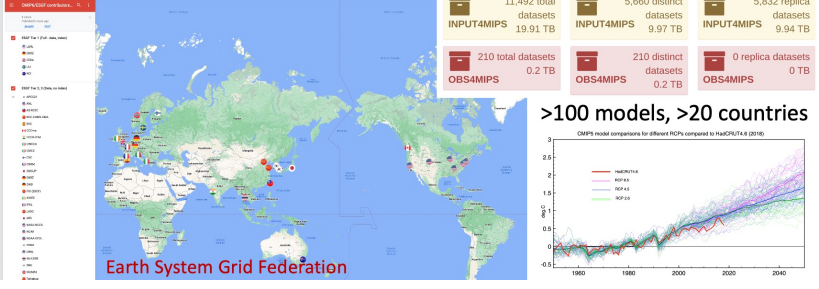




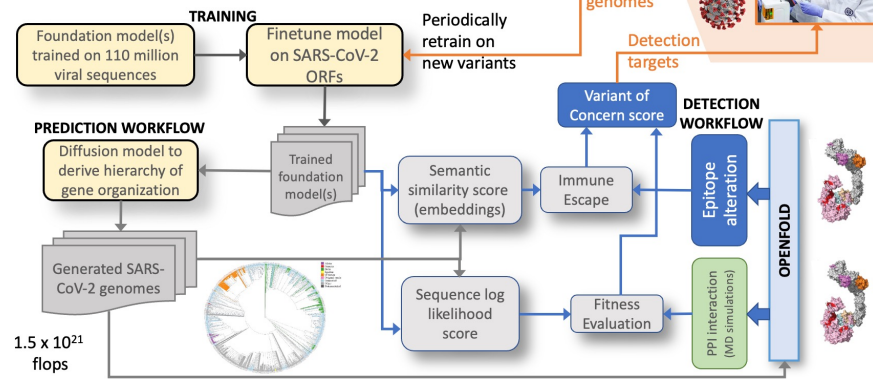
# Need: 2) Reliable execution of (sets of) actions

## Compare climate models to understand the earth system

Coupled Model Intercomparison Project (CMIP): Standard protocol for studying general circulation model output



## Link field data on pathogen variants with AI for pandemic surveillance



## Integrate data & models to advance urban science & resilience

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**SAGE**  
SAGE (Smart Air Quality and Greenprint Assessment) is a platform for urban science and resilience.

Partnership to display actions to track climate change as a neighborhood-level

Map legend:

- Partner Community
- City of Chicago
- Current DOE
- Disadvantaged Community (2022)
- TNC Cook County Urban Greenprint (2022)
- High Flood Risk Target
- High Heat Target
- Poor Air Quality Target
- Historic Home Owners' Loan Corporation Grade (1940)
- A: Best
- B: Still Desirable
- C: Definitely Declining
- D: Hazardous

## Past approaches:

- Workflow systems
- Distributed file systems

- Eventing, consistency protocols
- Reliable RPC, replication
- Cloud

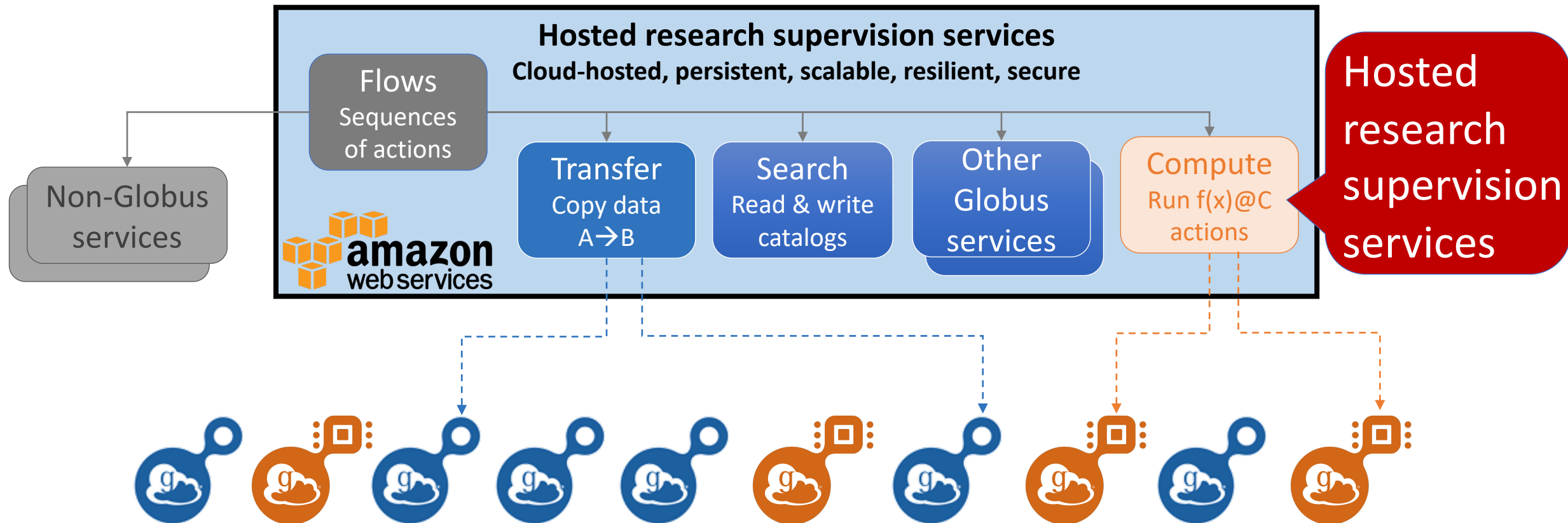
## Challenges: Complexity, fragility, scalability, reach



# Need: 2) Reliable execution of (sets of) actions

## Our approach:

- Cloud-hosted, replicated supervision
- Simple retry-based protocols
- Reduce endpoint complexity
- High assurance for sensitive data
- Integration with secure delegation



# Hybrid model for distributed systems at scale

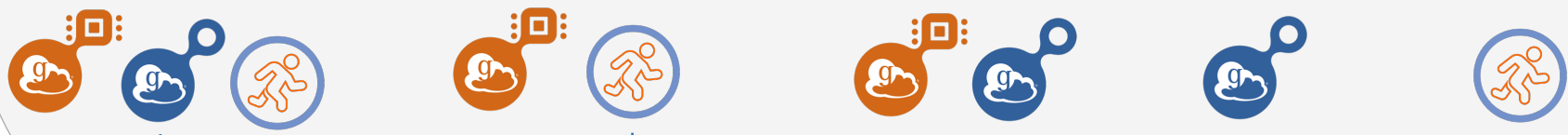
Global management & orchestration



**Hosted, persistent, scalable, resilient services**

Standards-compliant security fabric

Local agents with plug-in



**Globus Connect  
Globus Compute  
Action Provider**

Institutional resources



**Instrument facility/Lab**

**Compute Facility**

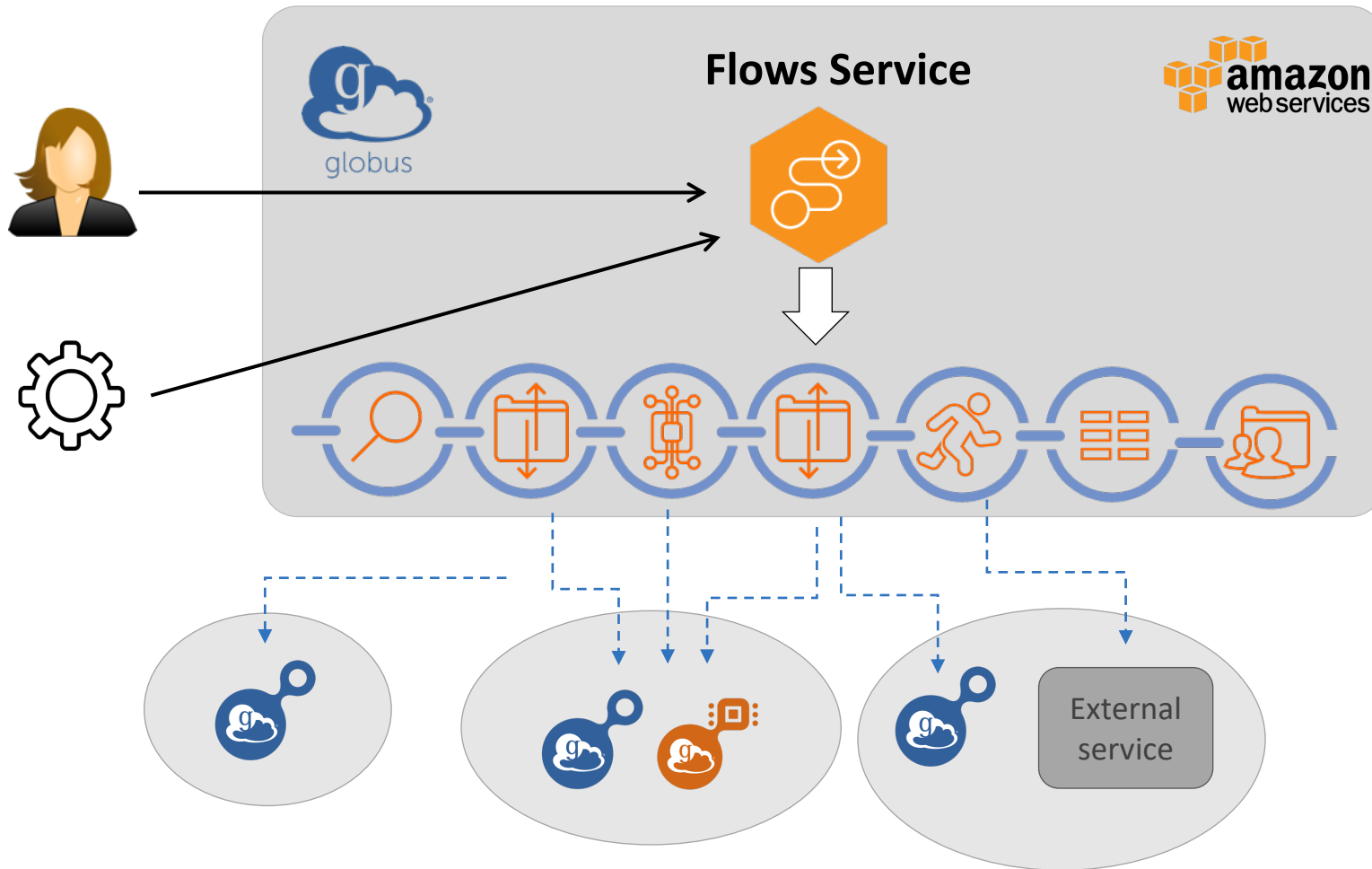
**On-prem & cloud storage**

**Laptop/desktop**

**Custom services**



# Reliable and managed execution of sets of actions



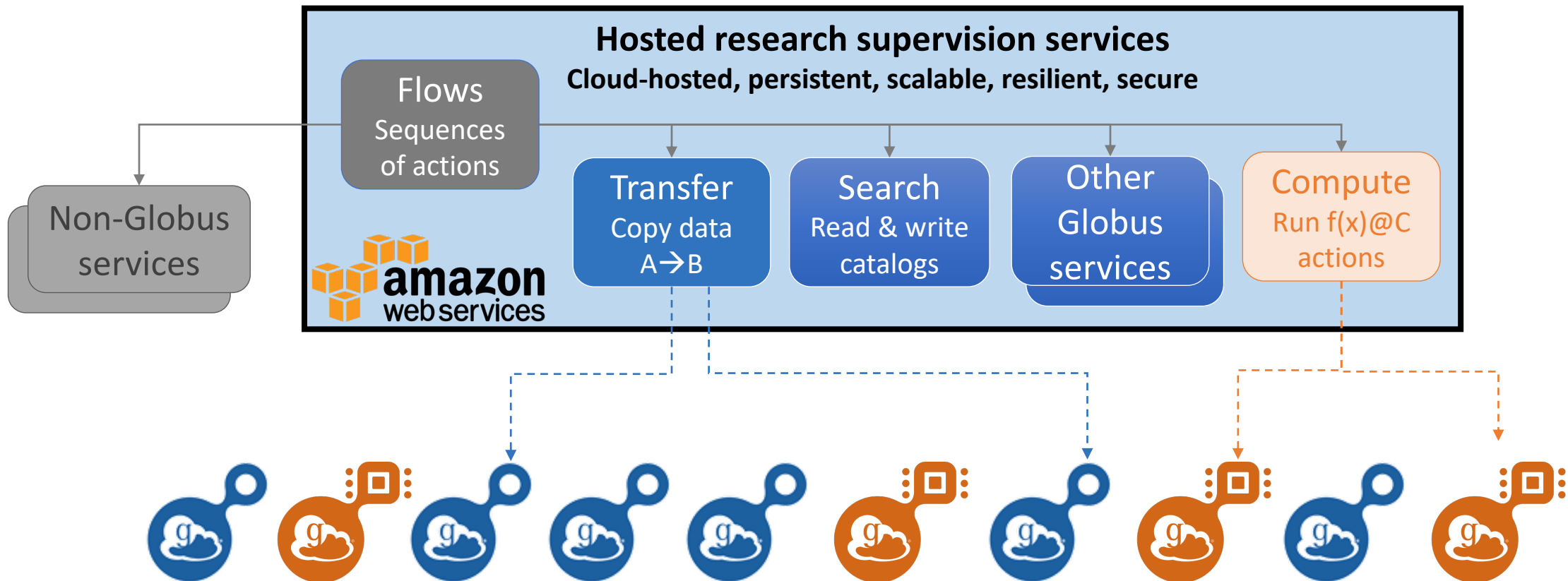
- Declarative language for flow definition
- Interface to integrate external actions
- Simple retry based protocol
- User interface for run, monitor and manage
- Fine-grained delegation for secure access

# Need: 3) Control **who** can perform **what** actions, **when** & **where**

## Past approaches:

- Passwords, PKI, Kerberos
- Grid Security Infrastructure
- OAuth,
- Specialized delegation protocols

**Challenges: Multi-site, dynamic computing; complexity, usability**



# Need: 3) Control **who** can perform **what** actions, **when** & **where**

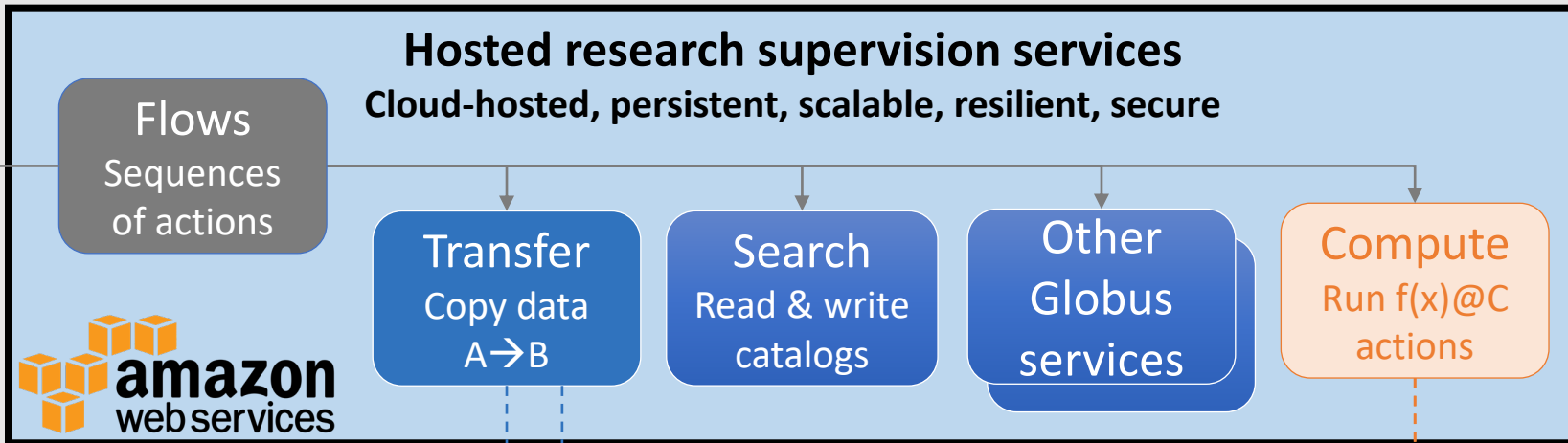
Federated auth & secure managed delegation

## Our approach:

- Secure delegation
- Scoped credentials
- Leverage OAuth2
- Broader compatibility
- IdP federation

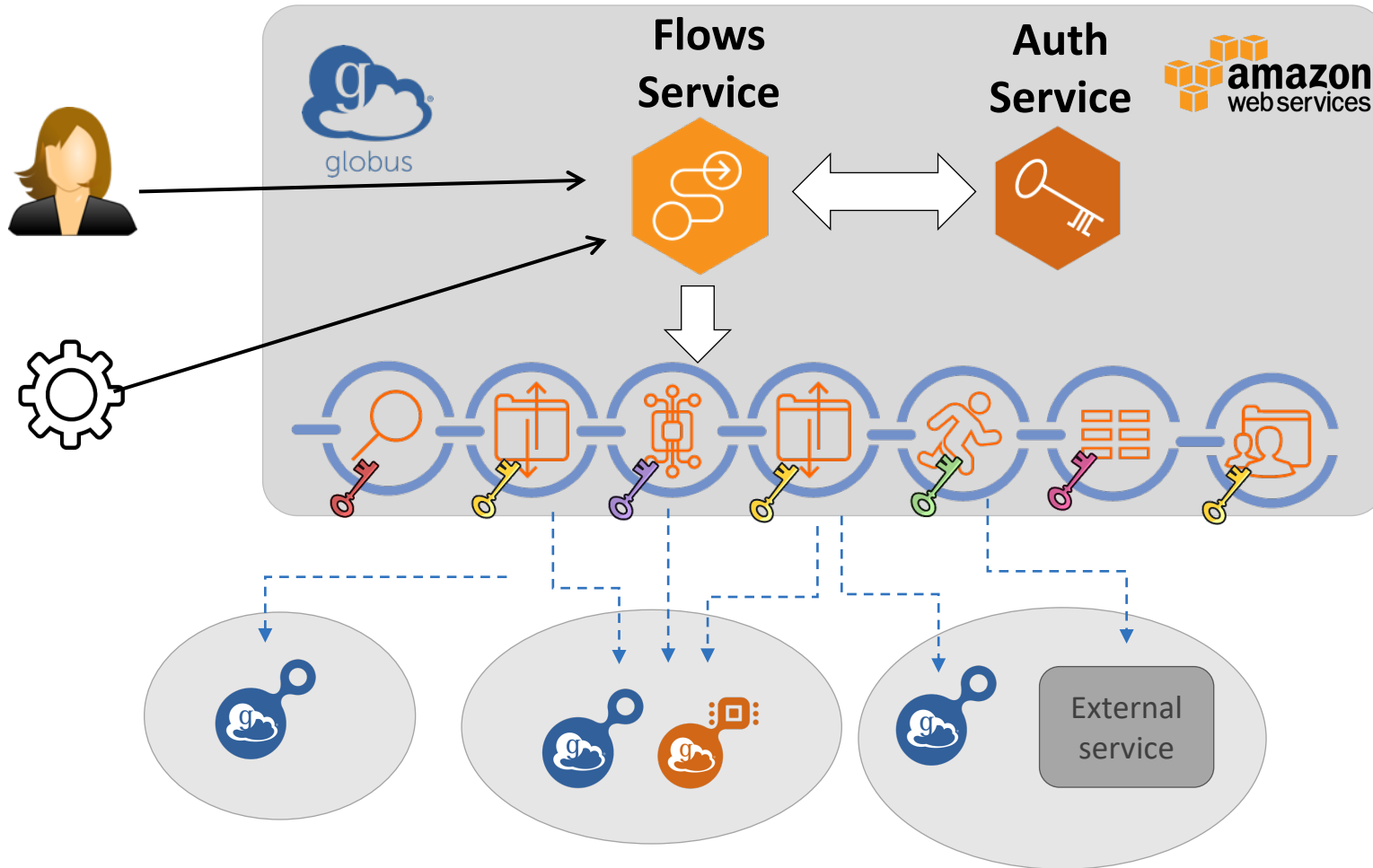
Globus Auth trust fabric  
OAuth + delegation

Non-Globus services





# Managed identity & access management (IAM) with fine-grained delegation



- **Federated authentication**
- **Standards based** (OAuth/OIDC)
- Compatible for use with browsers, command line, automation
- **Fine-grained delegation** via scopes for dependent call chains

1700 identity providers  
1.3 B access tokens  
2.7 M consents

# In total: **Global services** enable low-friction **global science**

1) **Act on resources** regardless of location and interface

→ **Widely deployed local agents**  
provide a global footprint for actions



2) Execute remote actions **reliably**

→ **Cloud-hosted management & orchestration services** buffer against inevitable failures



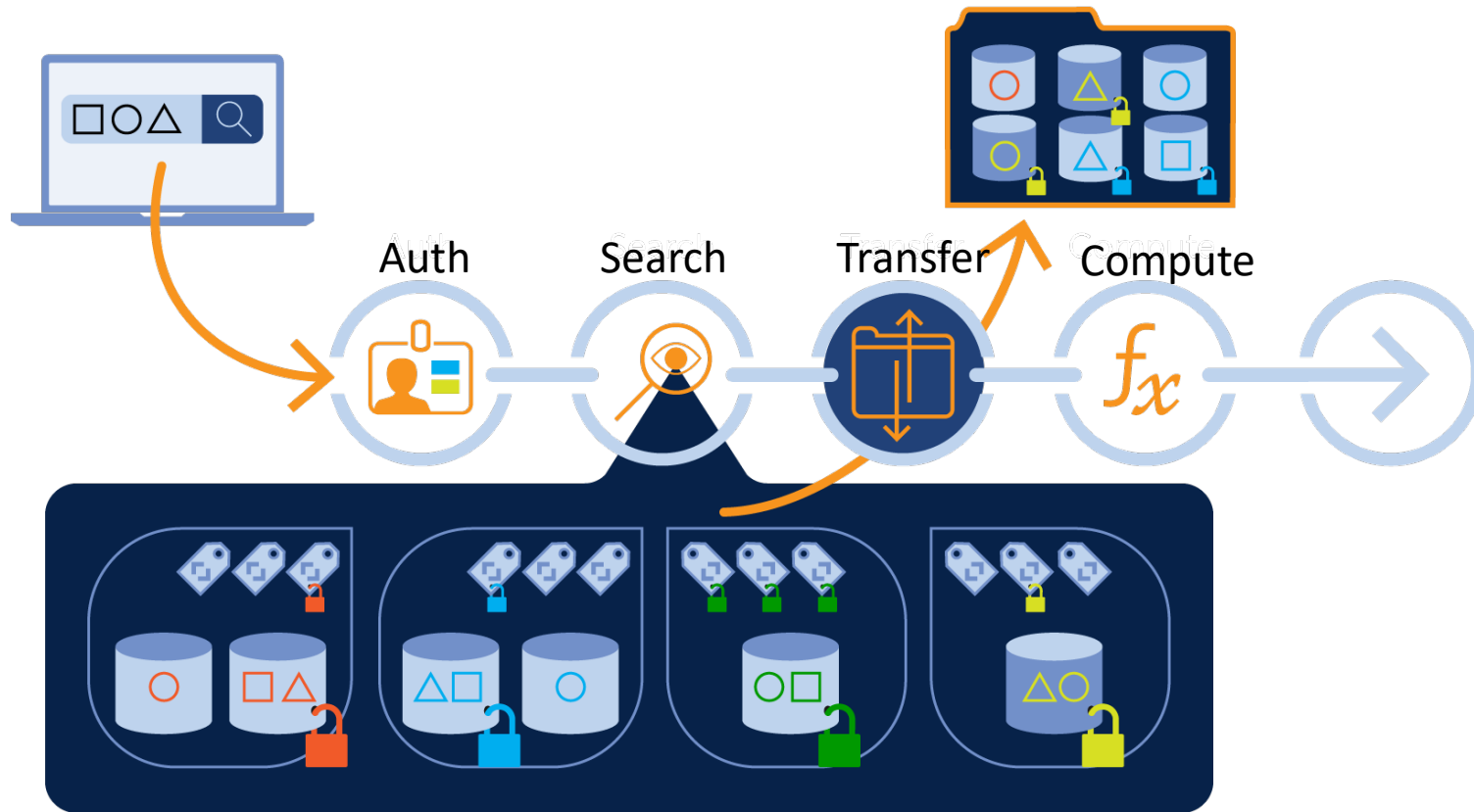
3) Manage who is **trusted** to perform what actions, where and when

→ **Distributed authentication with delegation**  
enables secure management of privileges



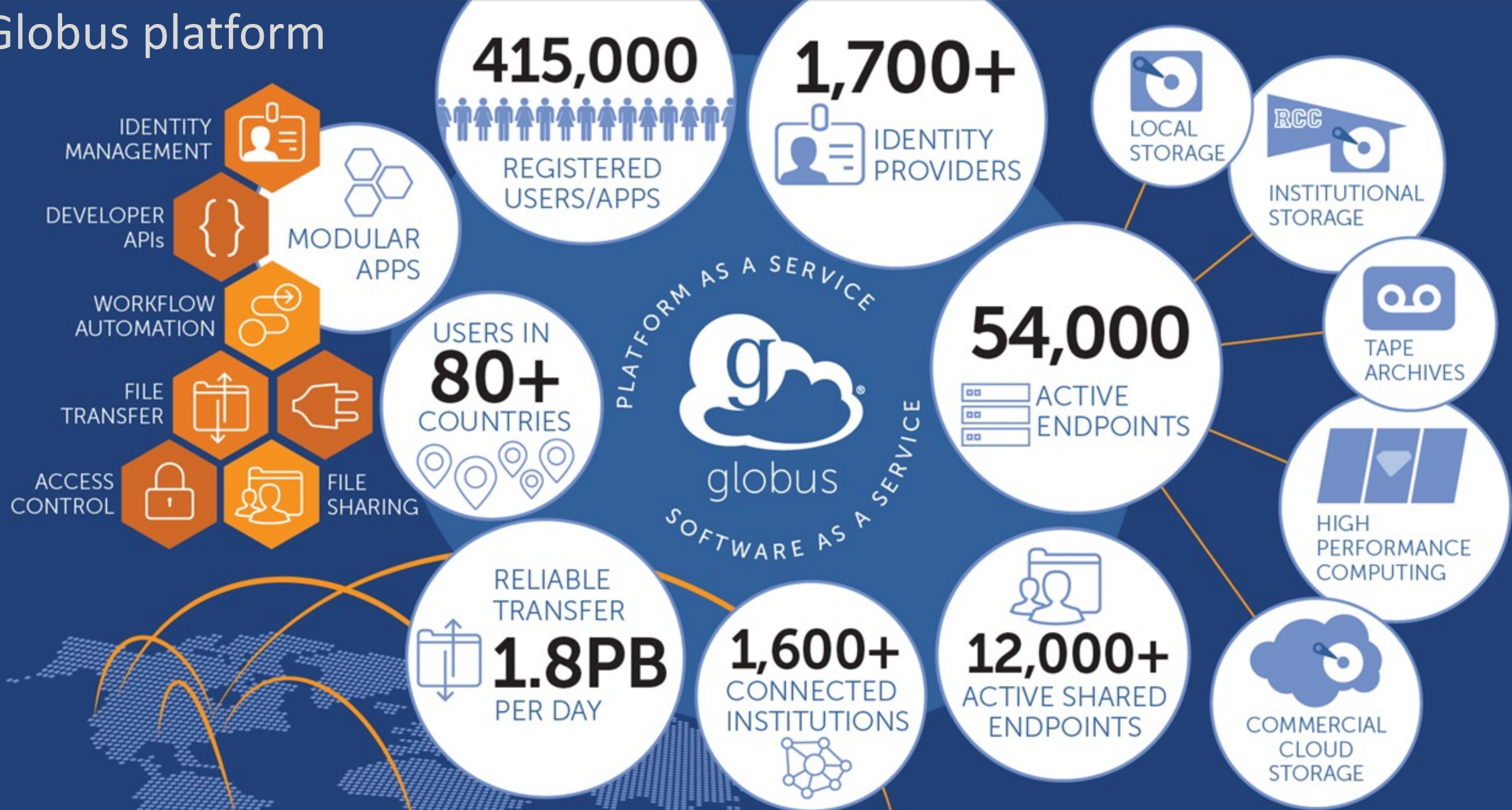


# Leveraging distributed resources



- **Access resources** regardless of location and interface
- Execute remote actions **reliably**
- Execute remote actions **securely**
- **Coordinate** distributed resource use
- **Usability** for end users, and administrators
- ...

# Globus platform

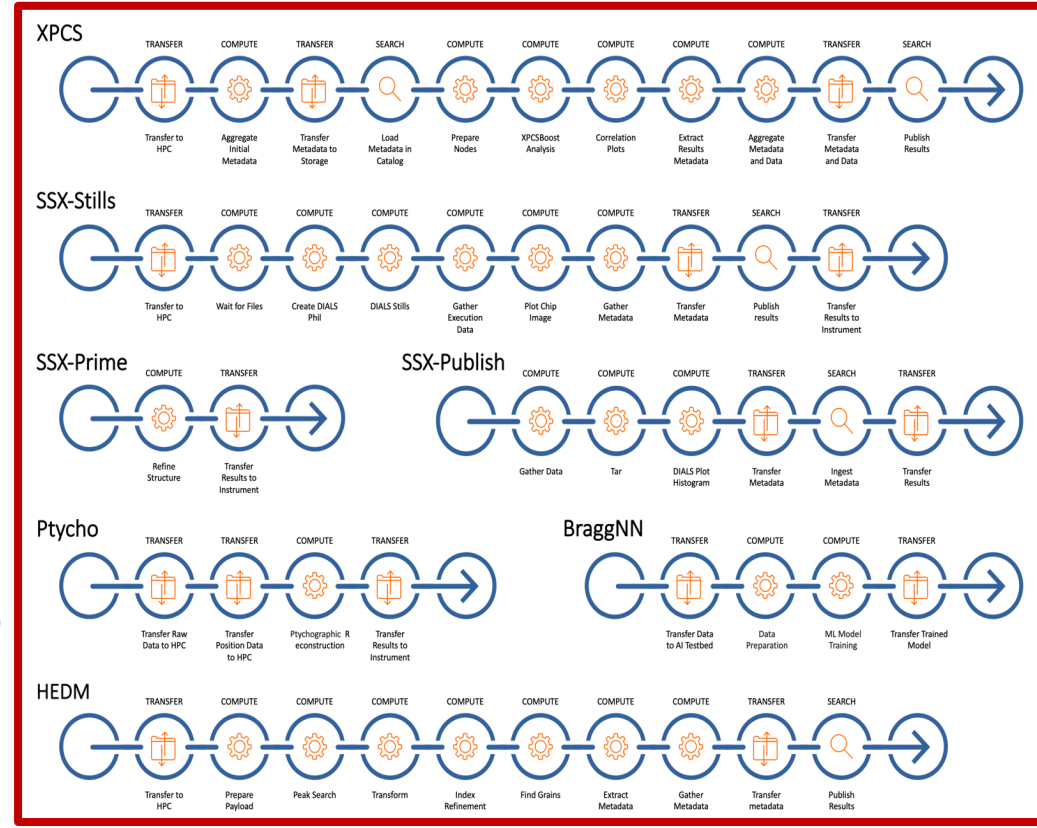
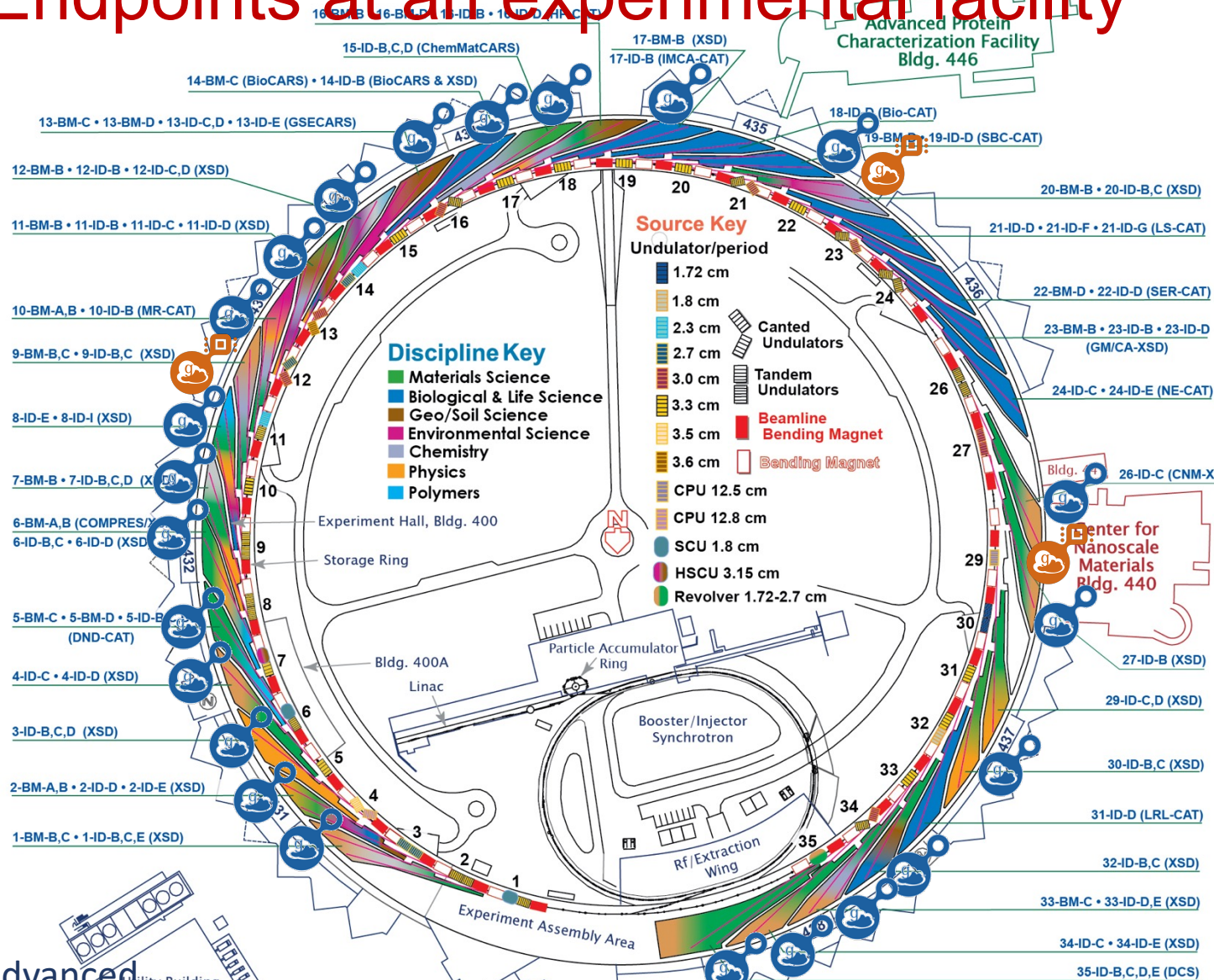


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Numbers reflect the 12-month period ended 12/31/2022



# Endpoints at an experimental facility



Advanced Photon Source  
Argonne NATIONAL LABORATORY

Utility Building, Bldg. 450  
Central Lab/Office, Bldg. 401

Key: Globus Compute agent  
 Globus Connect agent

PSC 18.3  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY  
Office of Science

Polaris  
Theta  
Eagle store  
Argonne Leadership Computing Facility

Bebop Cluster  
Laboratory Computing Research Center

Orthros Cluster  
APS DM system  
APS Computing

Globus-accessible storage and computing (10,000s of systems)

Portal server  
amazon web services



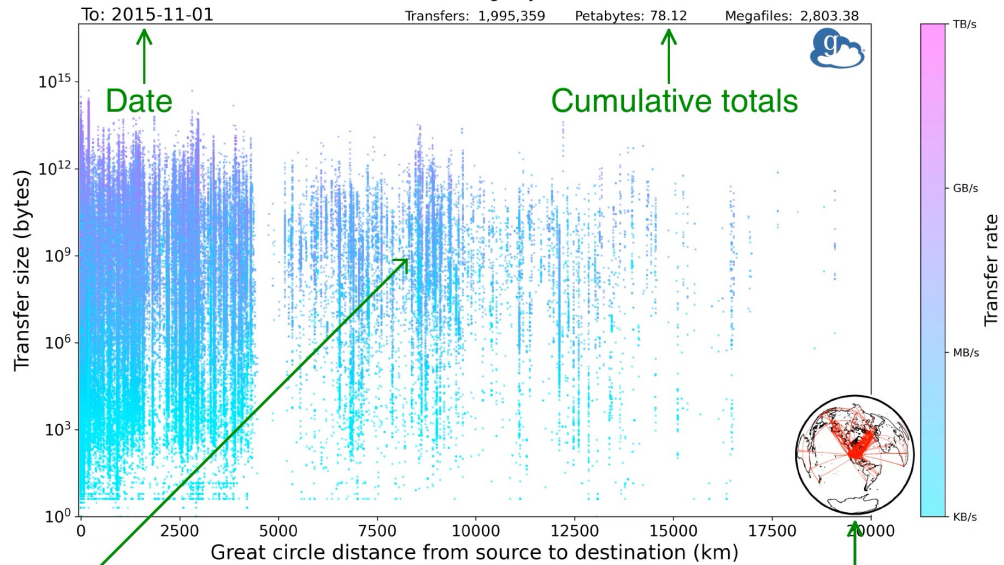
# Transfers performed by the Globus service involving host(s) in: any location



After this brief title sequence, an animation of all transfers involving any location through 06/2023, as explained below

## Monthly plots

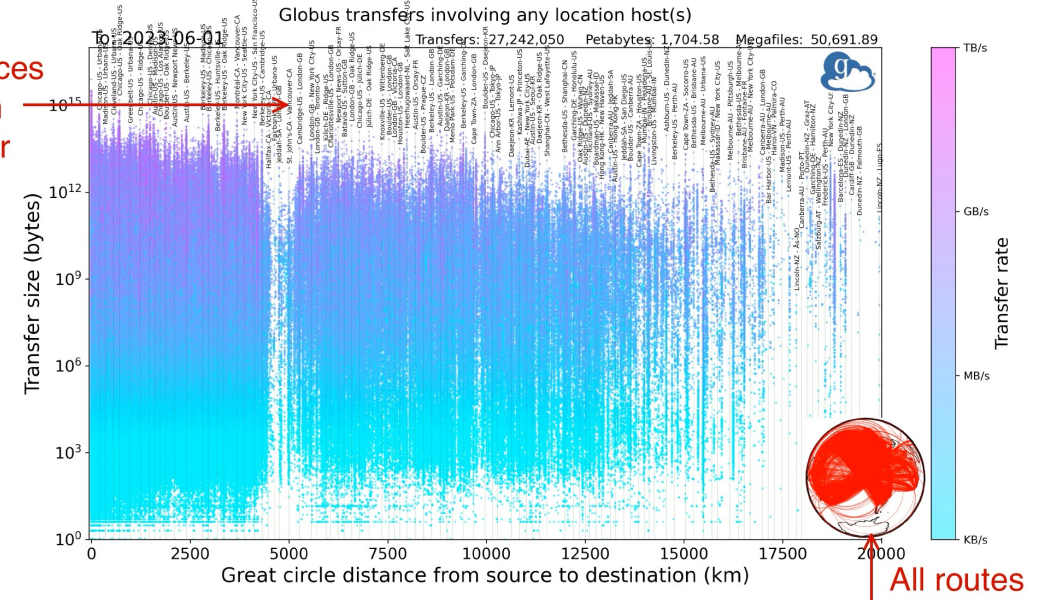
Globus transfers involving any location host(s)



## Final aggregate plot

Globus transfers involving any location host(s)

Some distances labeled with endpoint pair



Each (distance, size) point is a transfer, colored by transfer rate

Globe shows routes used during period

All routes

<https://globus.org>

# Globus research data movement service



Data transferred to ALCF

Data transferred to OLCF

1.5 GB/s

Argonne  
NATIONAL LABORATORY



100%

4 to 6 GB/s



OAK  
RIDGE  
National Laboratory

100%



**7.5 PB transferred between mid-Feb and May 4, '22**  
**17,347,671 directories and 28,907,532 files**

### Replication to ALCF

ACTIVE, PAUSED and the latest SUCCEEDED transfers

No	Datasets	From	Requested	Completed	Status	Directories	Files	Bytes Transferred	Faults	Rate
1	/cmip5_css01_data/cmip5/output1/NSF-DOE-NCAR/cesm1-cam5	LLNL	2022-05-03 08:46:03	2022-05-04 11:37:43	SUCCEEDED	7208	13540	29913341340	16	309 kB/s
2	/cmip5_css02_data/cmip5/output1/NCC/NorESM1-M	LLNL	2022-05-02 09:52:03	2022-05-02 11:31:27	SUCCEEDED	4017	7548	5367692747060	0	900 MB/s
3	/cmip5_css02_data/cmip5/output1/NCAR/CCSM4	LLNL	2022-05-02 01:53:03	2022-05-03 00:50:23	SUCCEEDED	52571	48925	33455438769668	11	405 MB/s
4	/cmip5_css02_data/cmip5/output1/NASA-GISS/GISS-E2-R-CC	LLNL	2022-05-02 01:28:03	2022-05-02 01:52:31	SUCCEEDED	2098	9576	1087745609416	0	741 MB/s
5	/cmip5_css02_data/cmip5/output1/NASA-GISS/GISS-E2-R	LLNL	2022-05-02 00:42:03	2022-05-02 09:51:16	SUCCEEDED	30164	132059	24482369232188	5	743 MB/s

### Replication to OLCF

ACTIVE, PAUSED and the latest SUCCEEDED transfers

No	Datasets	From	Requested	Completed	Status	Directories	Files	Bytes Transferred	Faults	Rate
1	/cmip5_css01_data/cmip5/output1/NSF-DOE-NCAR/cesm1-cam5	LLNL	2022-05-03 08:47:18	2022-05-04 11:41:11	SUCCEEDED	7208	13540	271068730	16	2.80 kB/s
2	/cmip5_css02_data/cmip5/output1/NCAR/CCSM4	LLNL	2022-05-02 13:58:03	2022-05-03 03:14:27	SUCCEEDED	52571	48925	33455438769668	1	700 MB/s
3	/cmip5_css02_data/cmip5/output1/NCC/NorESM1-M	ALCF	2022-05-02 11:32:03	2022-05-02 12:15:48	SUCCEEDED	4017	7548	5367692747060	0	2.04 GB/s
4	/cmip5_css02_data/cmip5/output1/NASA-GISS/GISS-E2-R	ALCF	2022-05-02 09:52:03	2022-05-02 12:30:08	SUCCEEDED	30164	132059	24482369232188	3	2.58 GB/s
5	/cmip5_css02_data/cmip5/output1/NASA-GISS/GISS-E2-R-CC	ALCF	2022-05-02 05:34:04	2022-05-02 05:44:32	SUCCEEDED	2098	9576	1087745609416	0	1.73 GB/s



<https://dashboard.globus.org/esgf>

As of May 4, 2022

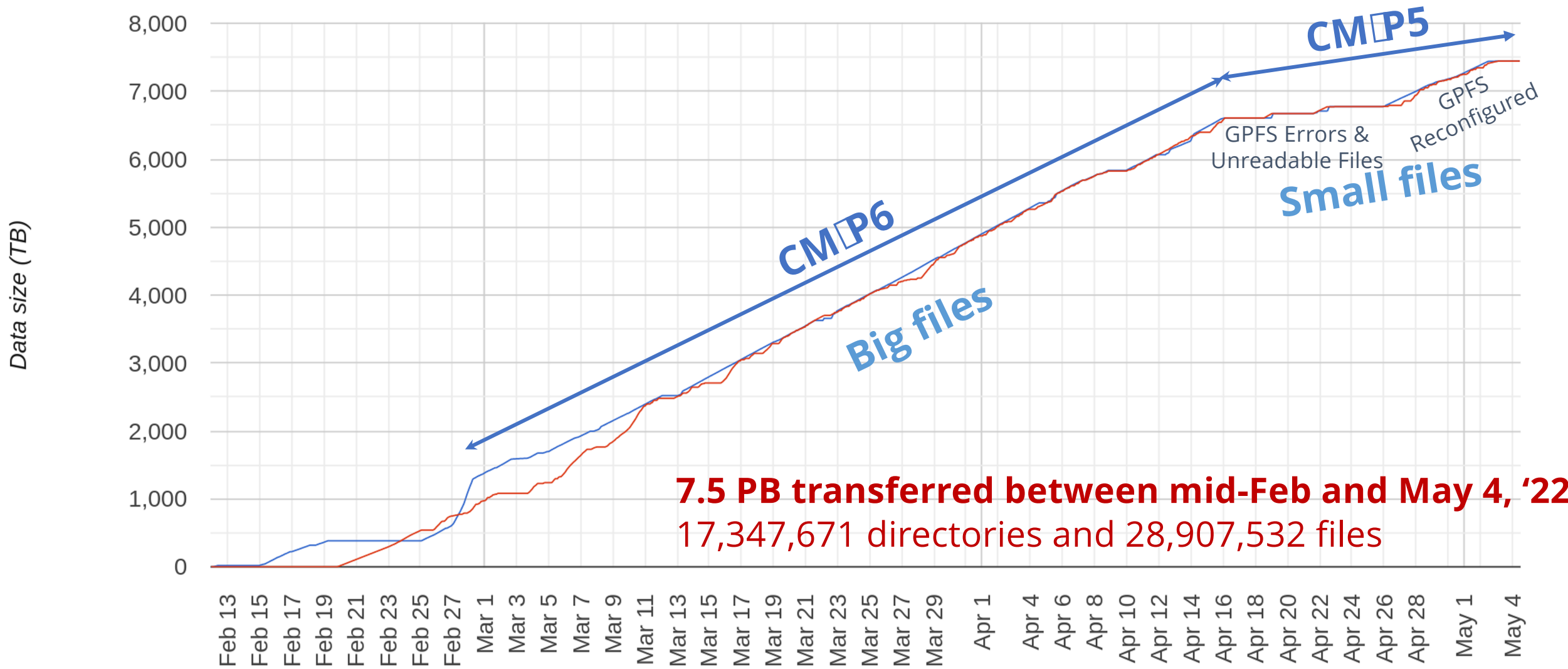




# Cumulative data transferred over time

Progress of transfers

— to ALCF    — to OLCF



**7.5 PB transferred between mid-Feb and May 4, '22**  
17,347,671 directories and 28,907,532 files

# Globus Compute: A hosted research supervision service that implements a universal computing fabric

```
def F(in_args):  
    # do something  
    return results
```



```
gcc.register_function(F)
```

Register functions



Run functions

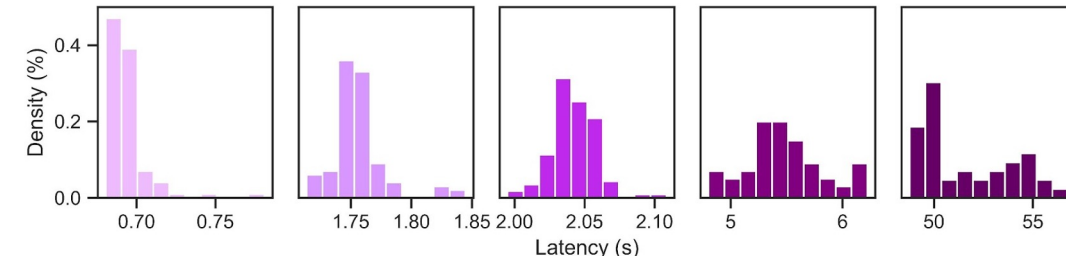
```
F(ep, "A")
```

```
f = gcc.run("A",  
           endpoint_id=ep,  
           function_id=F)  
R = gcc.get_result(f)
```



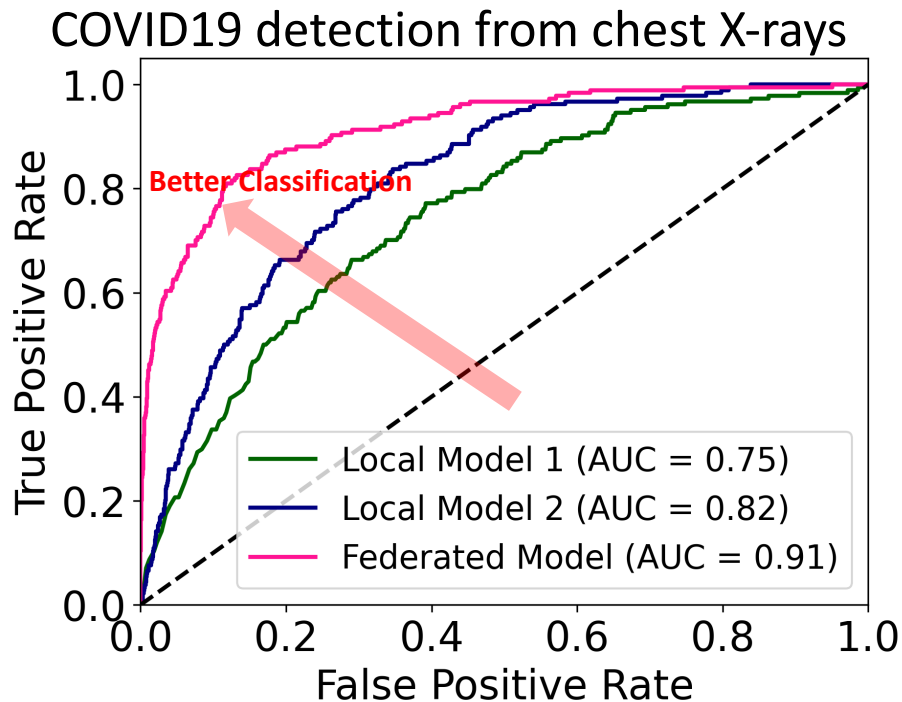
Deploy Globus Compute agents

```
$ pip install globus-compute-endpoint  
$ globus-compute-endpoint configure myep  
$ globus-compute-endpoint start myep
```



# Globus Compute application

## Privacy preserving federated learning



### Federation Information

### Endpoint Information

Client	Organization	Email	Endpoint Status
Jan F Nygård	Cancer Registry of Norway	✉ jfn@kreftregisteret.no	🛑
Severin Langberg	Cancer Registry of Norway	✉ Langberg91@gmail.com	✅
Zilinghan Li (You)	University of Illinois	✉ 1250976113@qq.com	✅
Zilinghan Li - NCSA	National Center for Supercomputing Applications	✉ zl52@illinois.edu	✅
Ravi Madduri	Argonne	✉ madduri@anl.gov	✅
Marcus Klarqvist	broad institute of mit and harvard	✉ mklarqvi@broadinstitute.org	🛑
Jordan Fuhrman	The University of Chicago	✉ jdfuhrman@uchicago.edu	🛑

### Experiment Information

Experiment Name	Experiment ID	Status	Config	Log	Report	Tensorboard
MNIST1	5a525a61353a4a5a82b3ee895773eedf	DONE	⚙️	📄	📄	📊
MNIST2	4cf1ee4409b04b89bbc1b2f0f76969b1	DONE	⚙️	📄	📄	📊
MNIST3	75474c0d2bbe4c2481e766b1166b6672	DONE	⚙️	📄	📄	📊
MNIST4	be5eb91f8e9e4e8ca647f061b52ccb93	DONE	⚙️	📄	📄	📊
Ravi_Demo	23e0bc6faf234130a4a99917e759b928	DONE	⚙️	📄	📄	📊
MNIST5	de7ff6bb6d2a42bbaf205158e22bdbfa	DONE	⚙️	📄	📄	📊
Demo_Polaris	57d2605794d744f6b7dd08147cafb3c6	DONE	⚙️	📄	📄	📊
Demo_Polaris_New	922ddcfe9ecf4ad2b912a5eb14cf720f	DONE	⚙️	📄	📄	📊
Ravi_Demo_Latest	7151875c342747169a6707af62ebf21d	DONE	⚙️	📄	📄	📊
Final_Demo	4e4432e25b2d4eb6ab4cf3f5c1c86d87	DONE	⚙️	📄	📄	📊
Ravi_Demo1	06f501225b694a459b3591fec6b69e23	DONE	⚙️	📄	📄	📊
MNIST-Report-Demo	fec4ff7c793e4027bb223d1fe5ab7e97	DONE	⚙️	📄	📄	📊
MNIST-Report-Demo2	dfd328dc940346ea87cd4f68a2600773	DONE	⚙️	📄	📄	📊
MNIST-Demo	27e6ad17a07d4d3f83385e7660078895	DONE	⚙️	📄	📄	📊



Ravi Madduri



Kibaek Kim



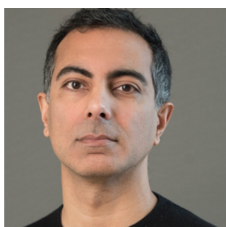
Ryu Minseok



Eliu Huerta



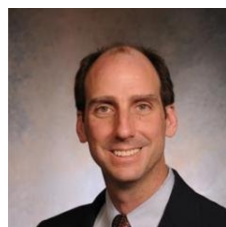
Pradeep Natarajan



Puneet Batra

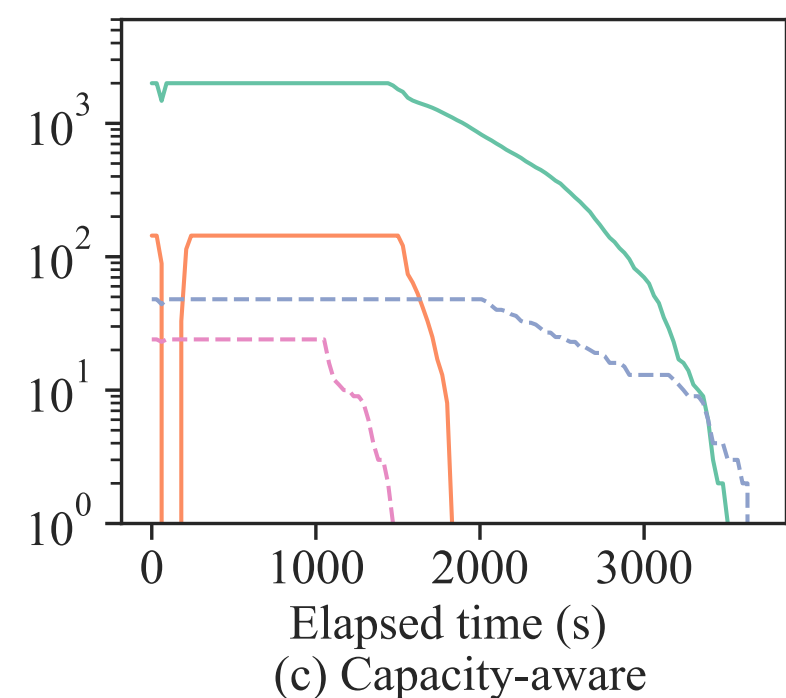
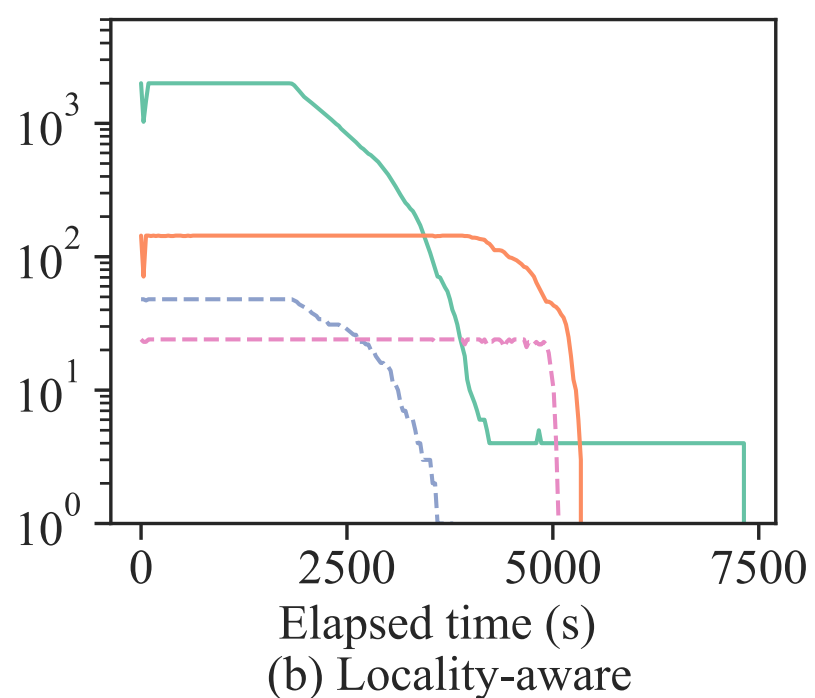
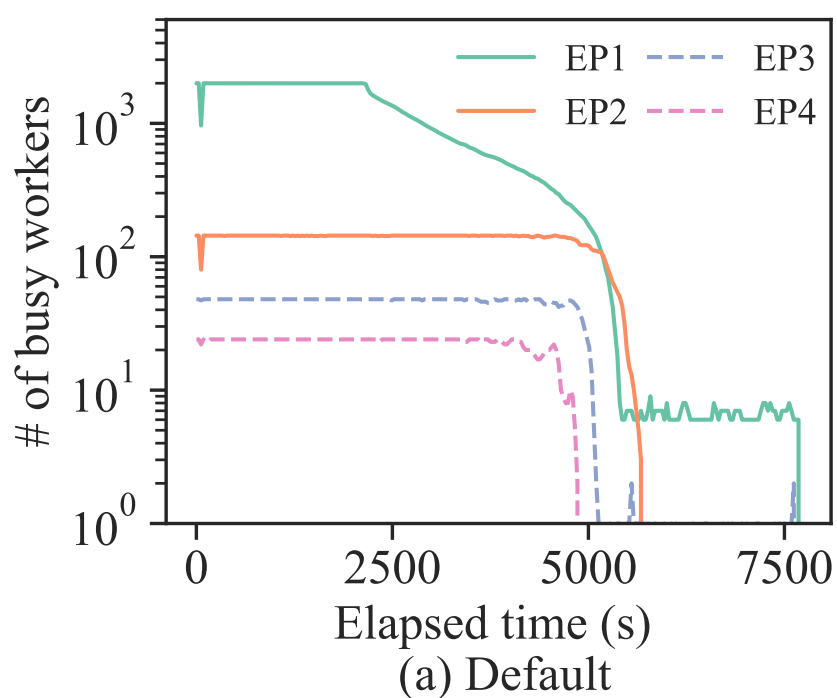


Maryellen Giger

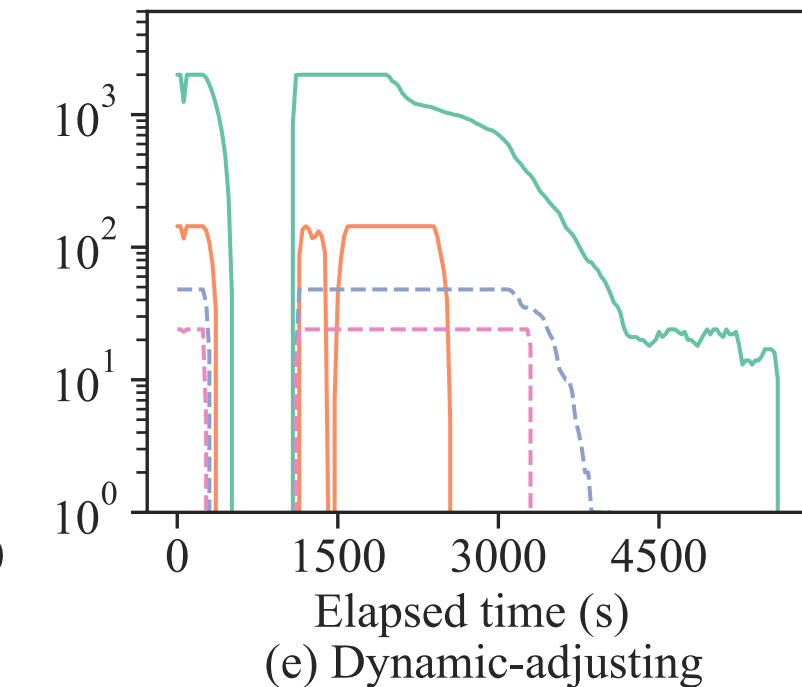
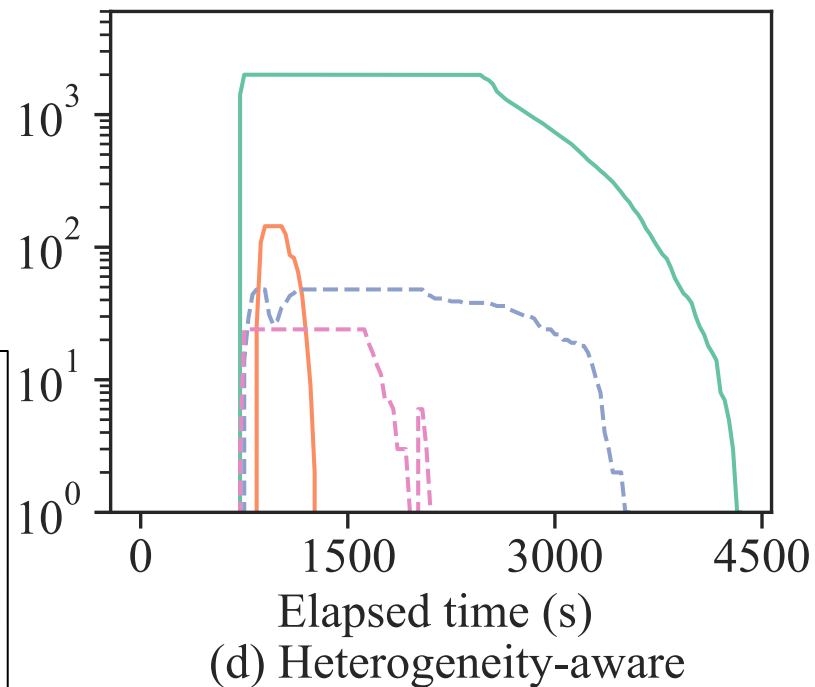
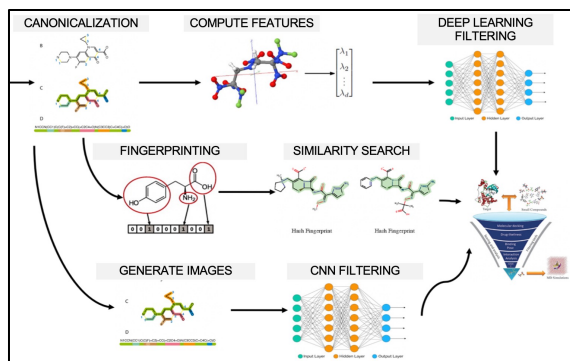


Sam Armato



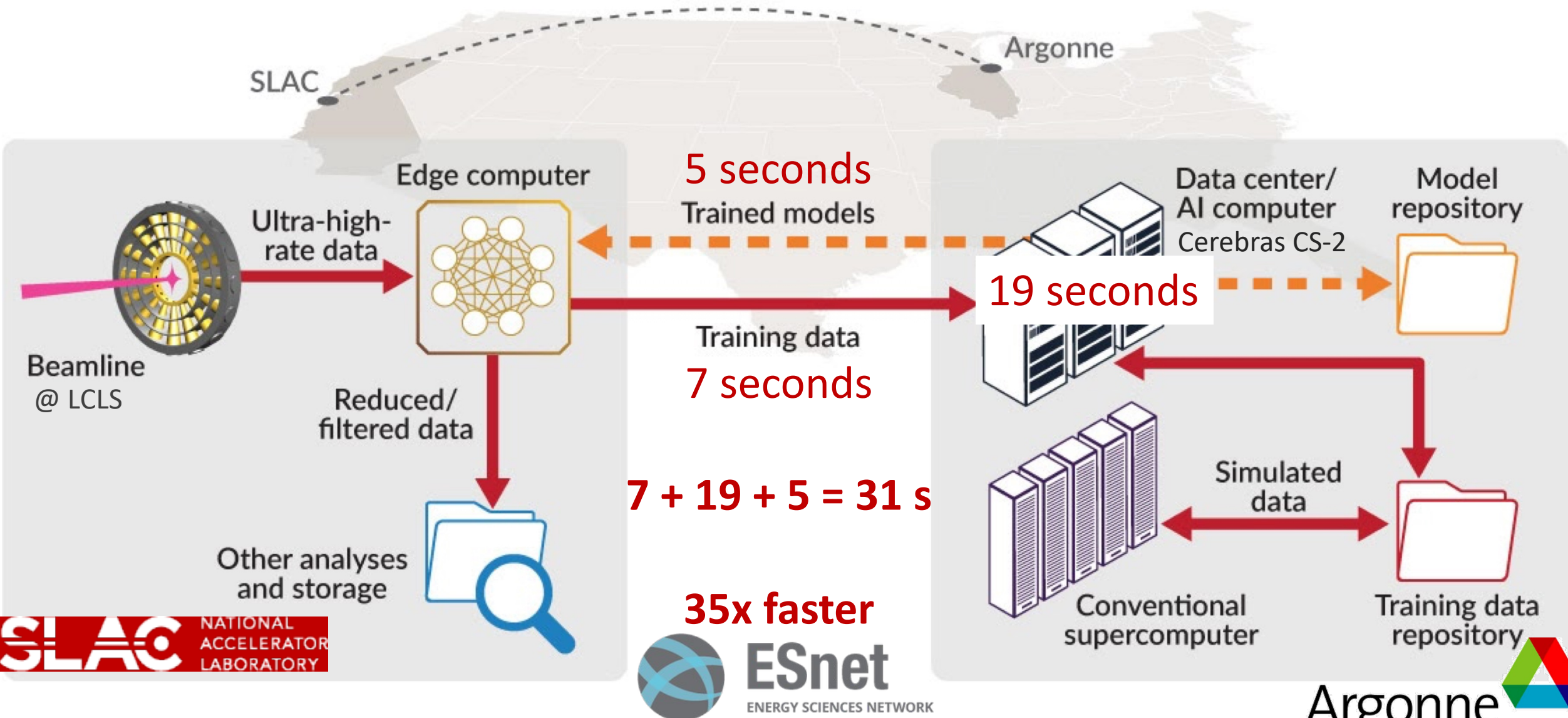


**Globus Compute application**  
**30,000-task drug-screening**  
**runs over multiple HPC**  
**systems, with different**  
**scheduling**  
**heuristics**



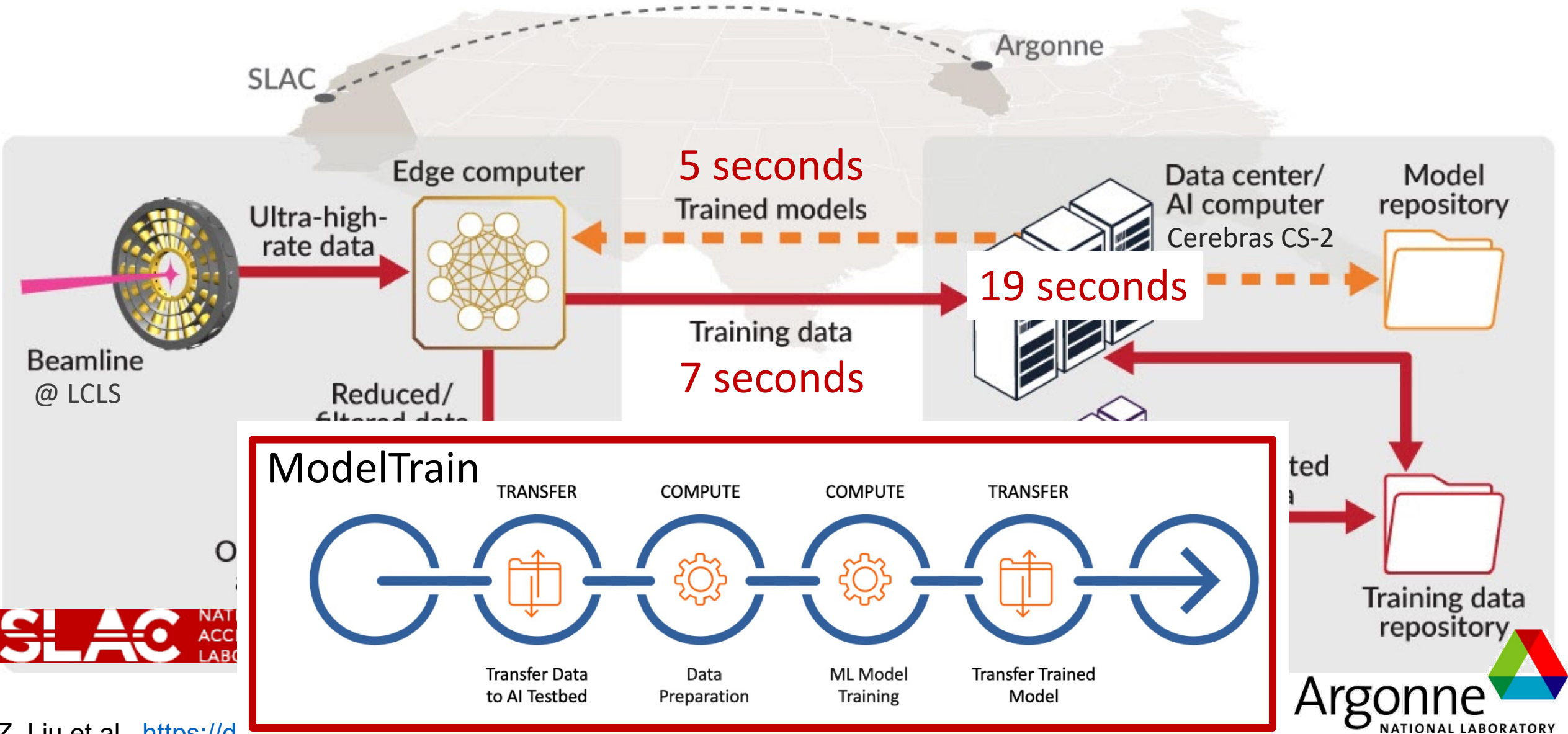


# Flows enable creation of smart instruments





# Flows enable creation of smart instruments

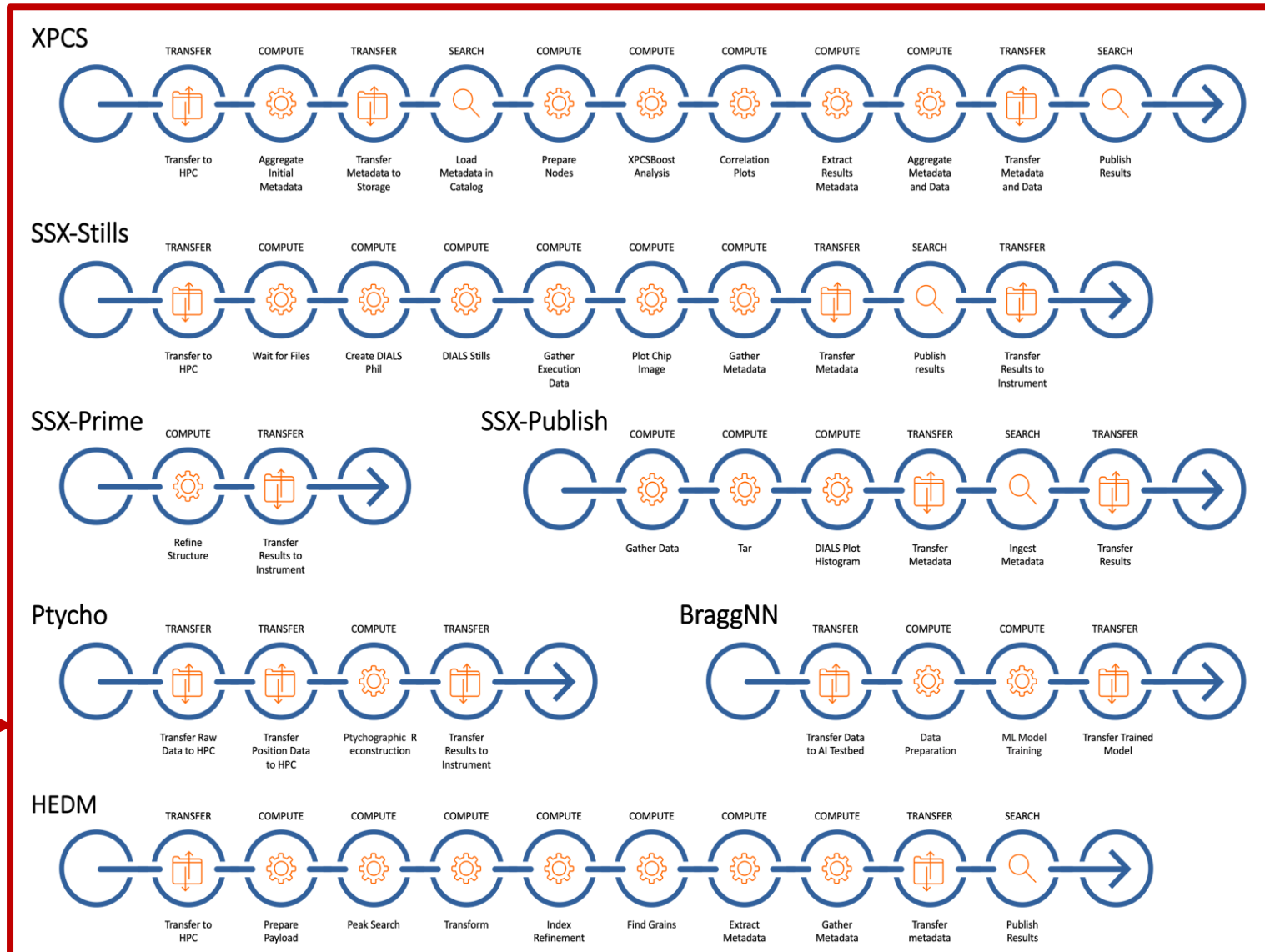


# New applications mean new computing workloads

**Globus Flows** can invoke arbitrary functions via **Globus Compute**

Functions may be executed in various locations: at a beamline, local server, cluster, cloud

Seven flows in use at the Advanced Photon Source

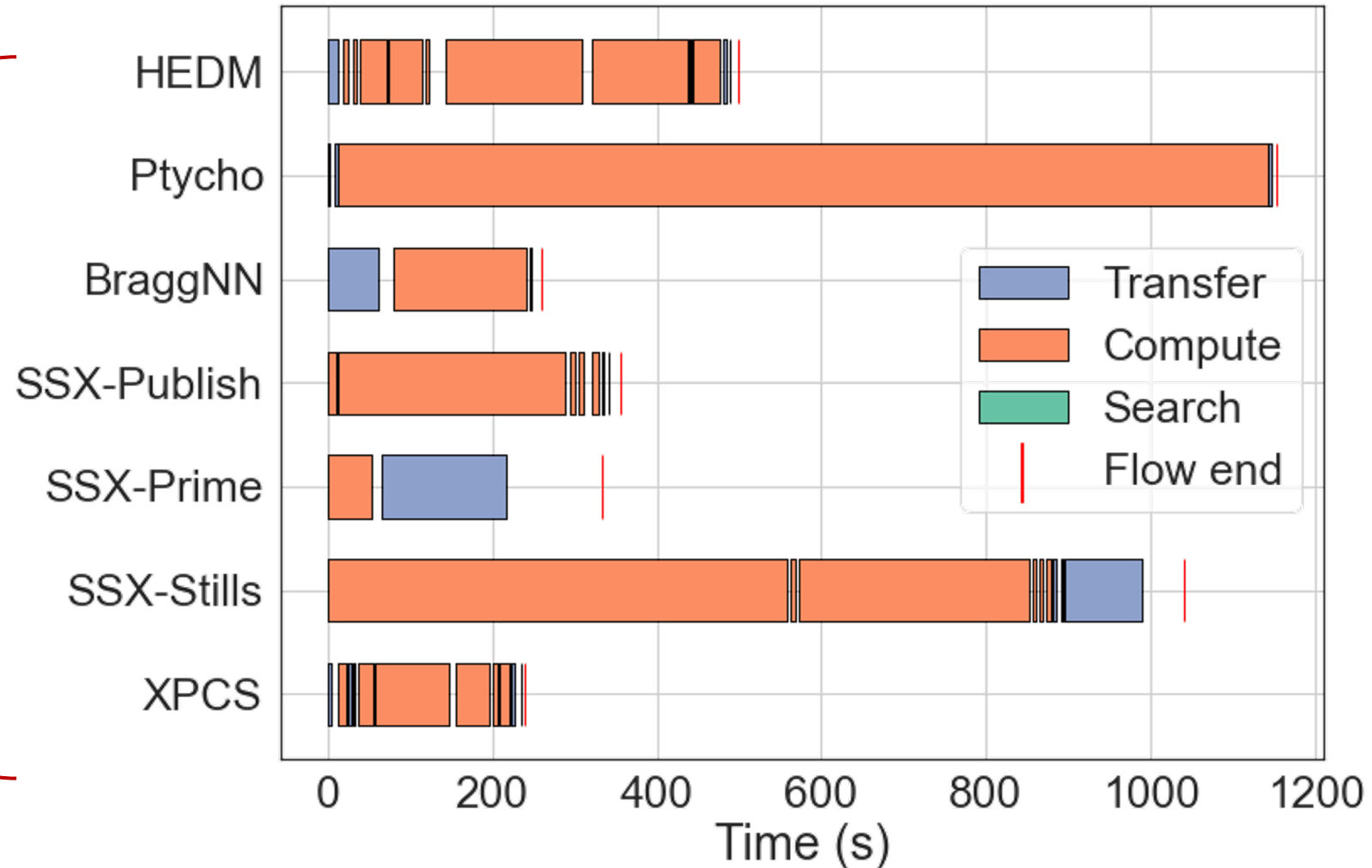


# New applications mean new computing workloads

**Globus Flows** can invoke arbitrary functions via **Globus Compute**

Functions may be executed in various locations: at a beamline, local server, cluster, cloud

Execution times at the Argonne Leadership Computing Facility



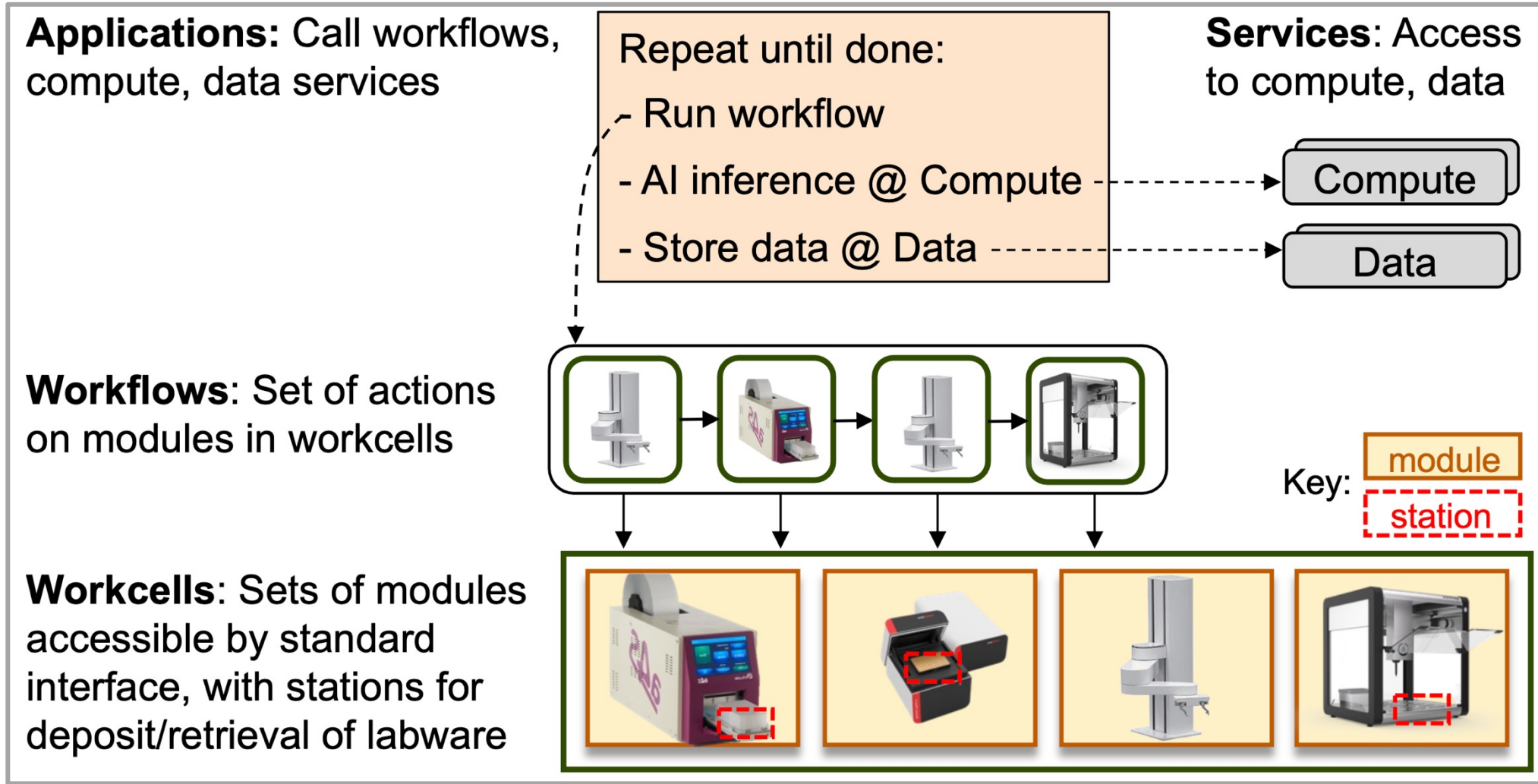


# We are applying these methods to construct science factories

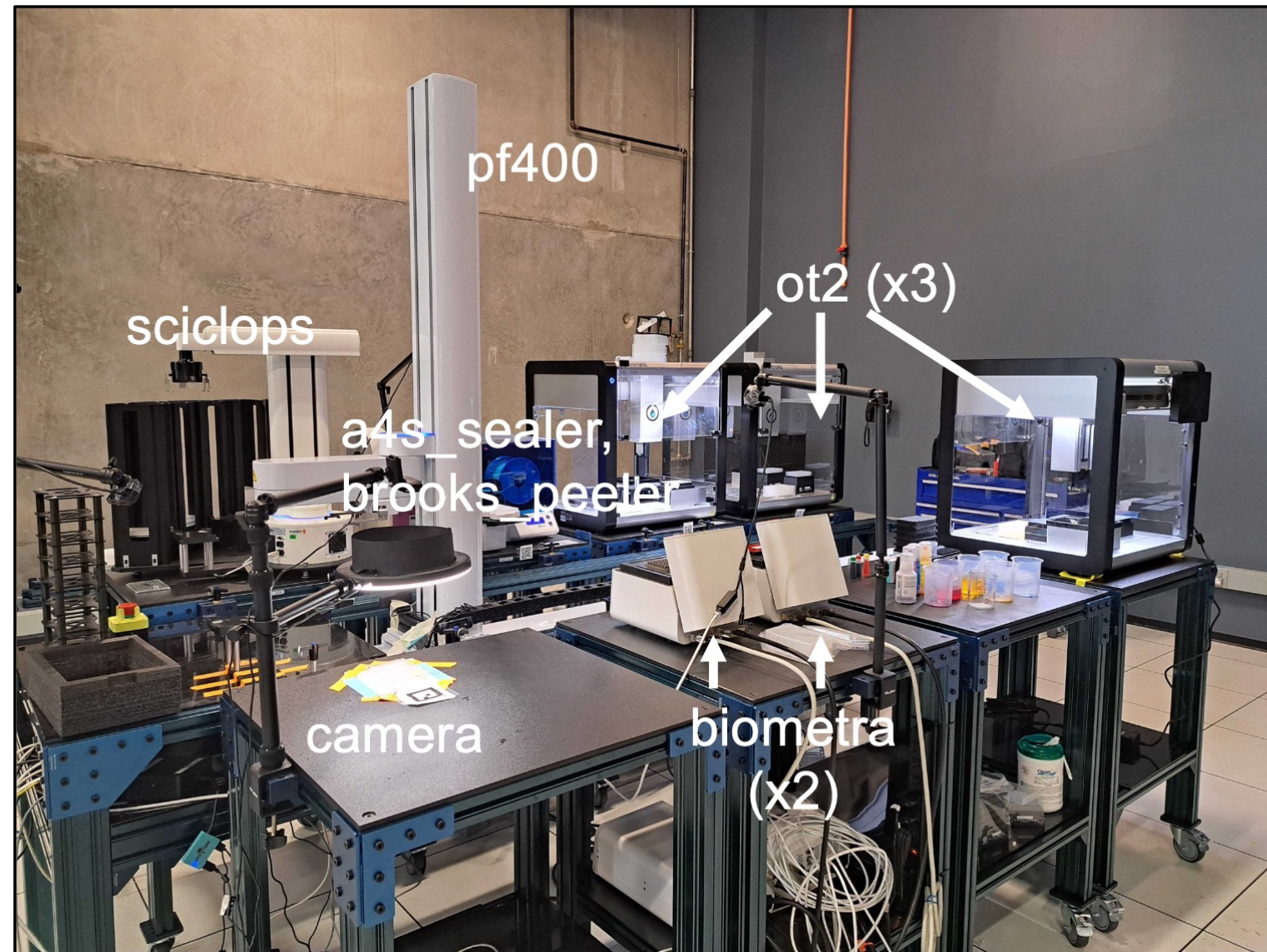
Instrument-specific action providers abstract instrument details;  
domain protocols compiled to robotic commands

**Workflow Execution Interface (WEI) architecture**

[arxiv.org/abs/2308.09793](https://arxiv.org/abs/2308.09793)

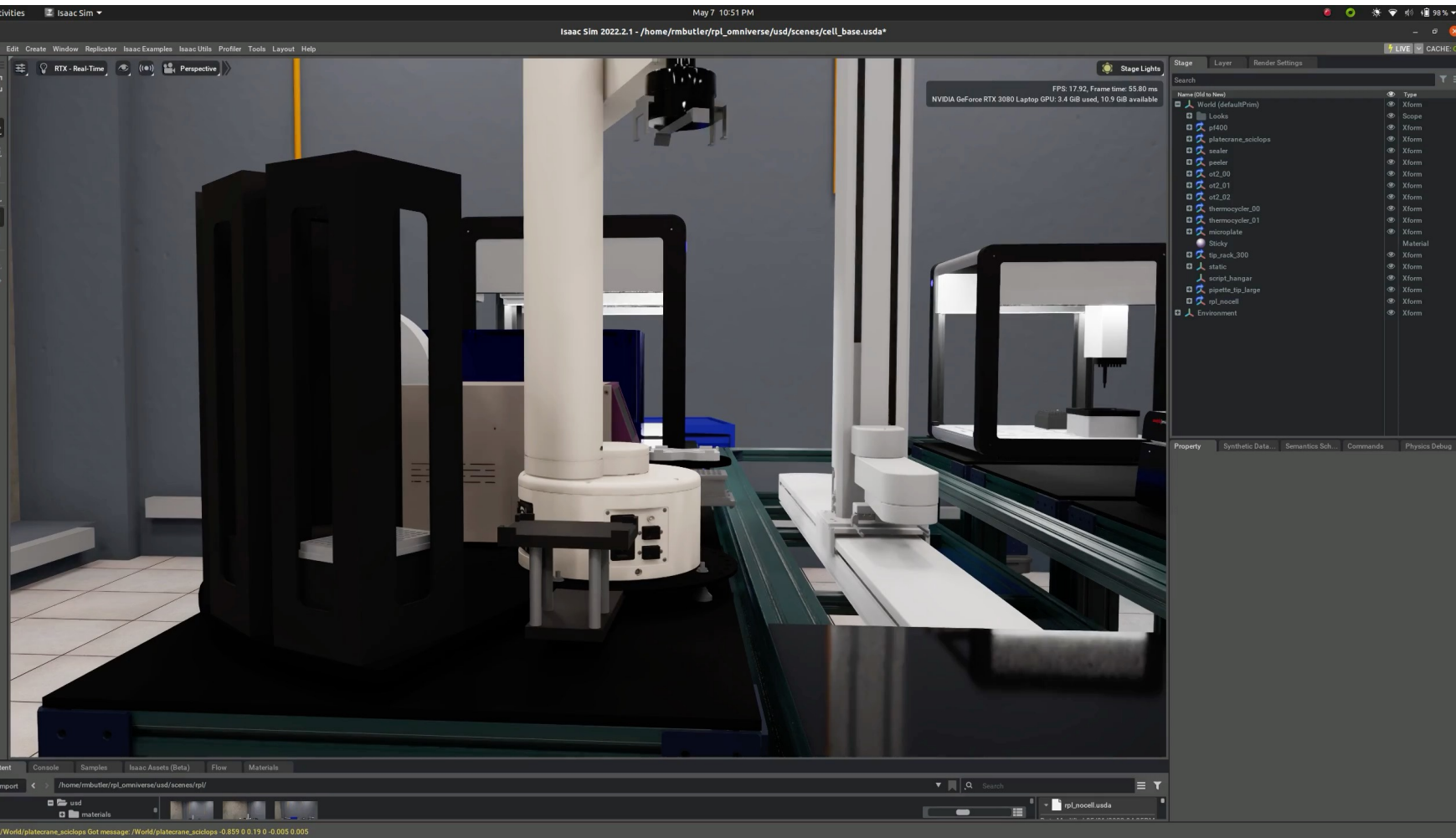


# We are applying these methods to construct science factories





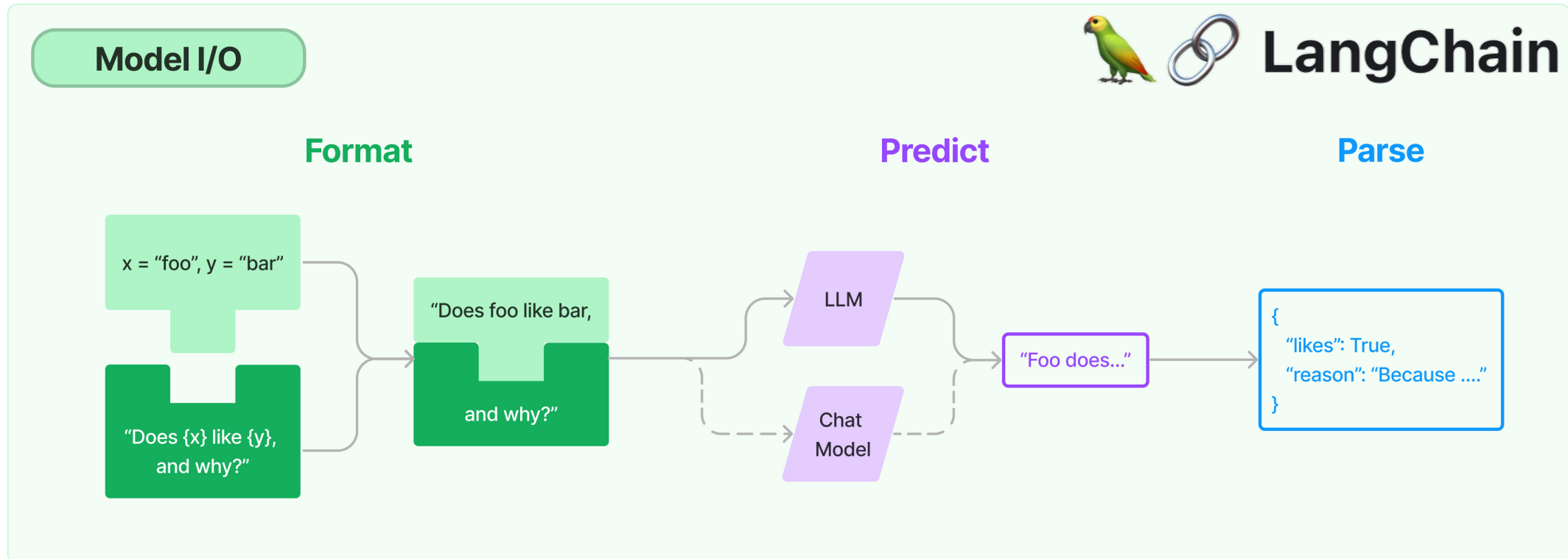
# Modularity simplifies creation of digital twins





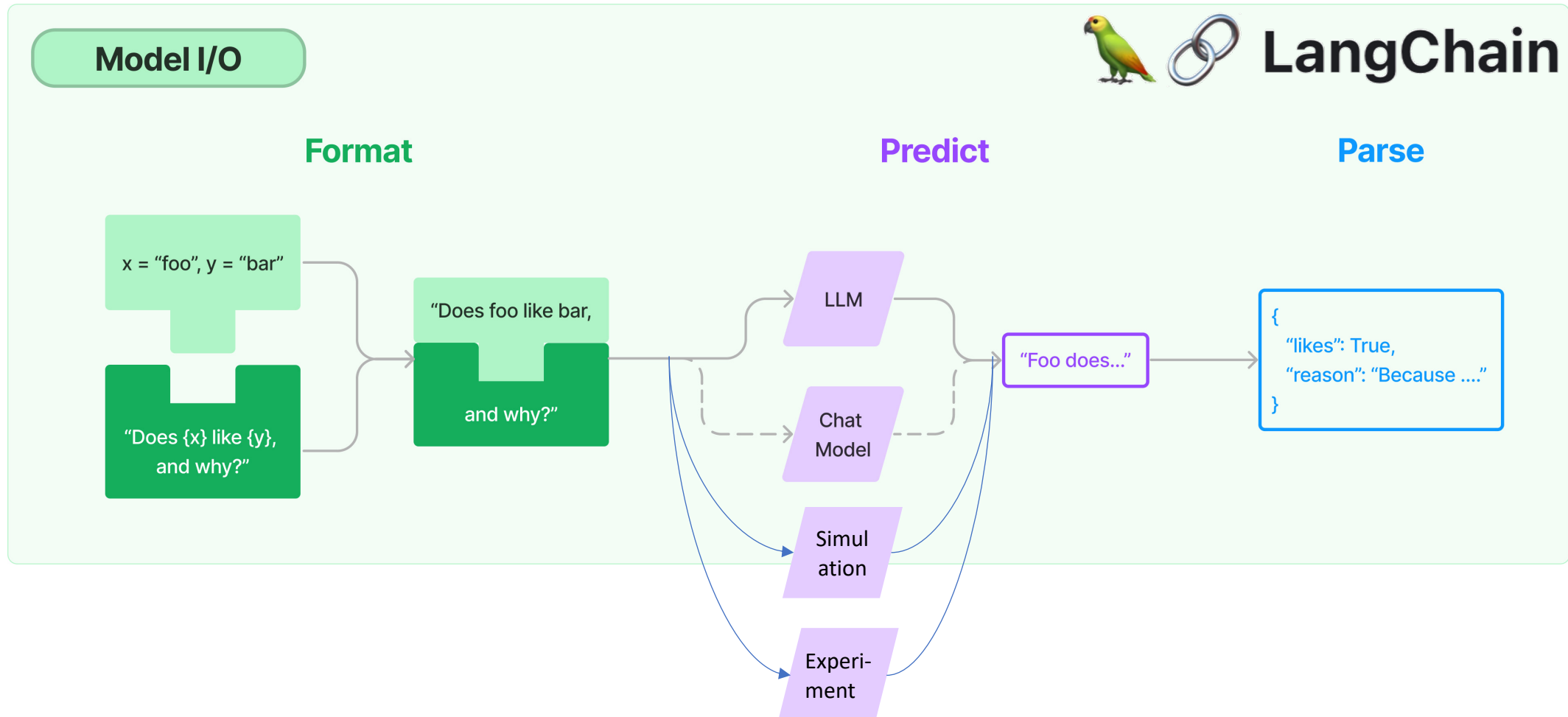
# What else can we do with these methods and tools?

Integrate with large language model (LLM) technologies



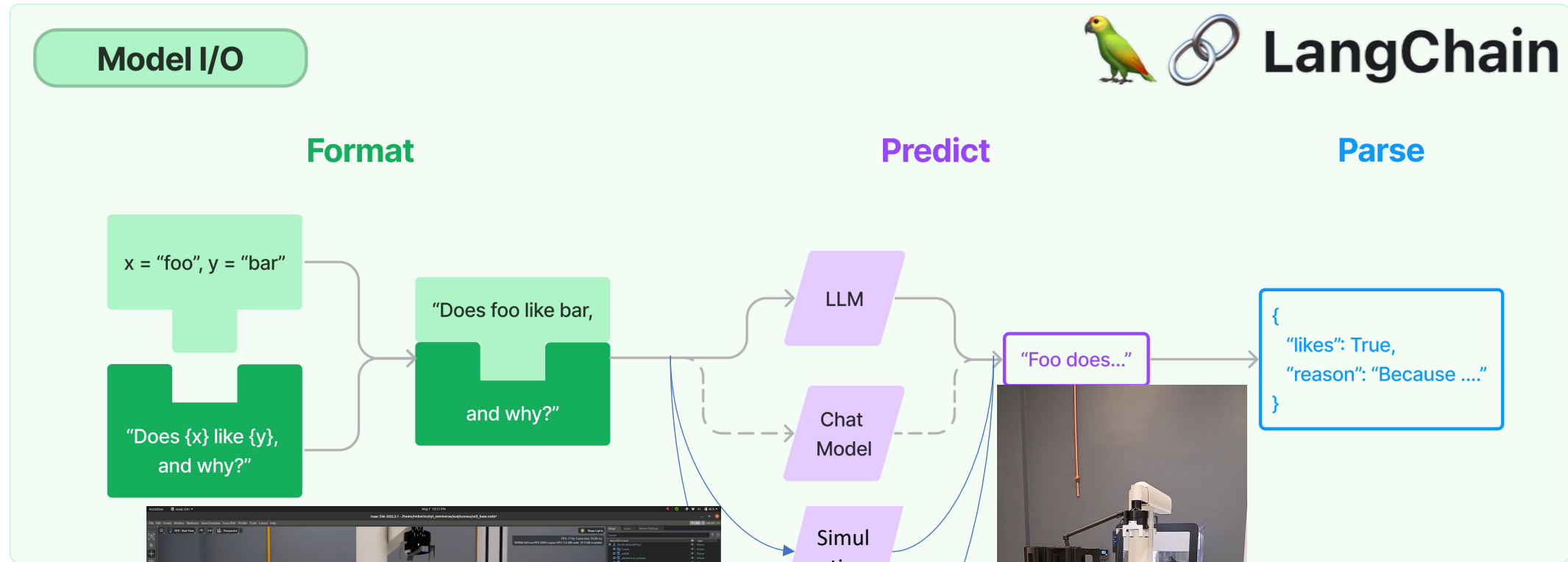
# What else can we do with these methods and tools?

Integrate with large language model (LLM) technologies



# What else can we do with these methods and tools?

Integrate with large language model (LLM) technologies





# There remain important questions to answer

- How to extend today's network into a truly universal continuum?
- Energy vs. accuracy vs. cost vs. ... tradeoffs
- What computing and storage do we need, where?
- What will be economic foundation of this new computing fabric?
- What new scientific instruments will be created?
- What new applications and new science will be enabled?
- What new abstractions, services, and tools do we need?
- Do we need new continuum-aware algorithm design methods?
- (How) Will we integrate quantum sensors, networks, computers?

# Thank you for your attention!

To learn more about our work: <https://labs.globus.org> <https://globus.org>

Questions or thoughts: [foster@anl.gov](mailto:foster@anl.gov)

Experiment with tools:  
<https://braid-project.org>

## Patterns

 CellPress  
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<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.patter.2022.100606>

Article

### Linking scientific instruments and computation: Patterns, technologies, and experiences

Rafael Vescovi,<sup>1</sup> Ryan Chard,<sup>1</sup> Nikolaus D. Saint,<sup>6</sup> Ben Blaiszik,<sup>1,6</sup> Jim Pruyne,<sup>1,6</sup> Tekin Bicer,<sup>1,3</sup> Alex Lavens,<sup>4</sup> Zhengchun Liu,<sup>1</sup> Michael E. Papka,<sup>2,7</sup> Suresh Narayanan,<sup>3</sup> Nicholas Schwarz,<sup>3</sup> Kyle Chard,<sup>1,5</sup> and Ian T. Foster<sup>1,5,\*</sup>

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